

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF RAILWAYS THE PREDICTION

CHARGING TO FILL IN QUESTIONNAIRES

Men Were Named by Judge W. S. McClenahan and Other Board Members to Give Service Free

Dispatch in Receipt of Signed Statement from Z. J. LeBlanc That \$1.50 Charge is Being Made

When Governor J. A. A. Burnquist appointed Judge W. S. McClenahan, Judge A. D. Polk and George H. Gardner a board to give free advice to drafted men in making out their questionnaires and they appointed assistants in Brainerd and the various towns of the country, all assistants too were to give such advice free to the men.

True, the drafted men made great inroads in the office time of many of the lawyers and others who were named to give advice, but it was considered a patriotic duty as the drafted men were ready to give their lives in the service of their country while the board appointed was asked only to give advice.

The Dispatch is in receipt of a signed letter from Z. J. LeBlanc, 205 Juniper street, employed at the Northern Pacific de plant in West Brainerd, making the direct assertion that men have been charged \$1.50 for filling out their questionnaires.

In an interview with Judge McClenahan the latter stated all advice was to be given free to drafted men and supposed that all men appointed so understood their duties.

FOOD RATIONS FOR ENGLAND

To Be Put Into Effect At An Early Date.

London, Jan. 4.—Compulsory rationing is to be put into effect in England at an early date, according to Lord Rhonda, the food controller, speaking at Silvertown. He prefaced his announcement by saying that he was afraid that compulsory rationing would have to come and that it was on its way, and then declared that his department had completed a scheme and that as soon as the sanction of the cabinet had been received it would be carried out.

Lord Rhonda warned his hearers that, there would continue to be a shortage, although the condition would improve steadily.

Premier Lloyd George has issued a strong appeal to the agricultural leaders of the kingdom to do their utmost to increase the production of food-stuffs.

RESPONDS TO MISSION'S PLEA

American Army and Navy Aiding Allies as Urged by Col. House.

Washington, Jan. 4.—America is already responding to the plans and recommendations of the House mission.

The navy has started "the more active utilization" of our ships which the mission arranged and is constantly giving "fuller co-operation" in the war against the submarine and in protecting vessels. The army is undergoing overhauling which will make it more responsive to the urgent House appeal for speed.

Quake at Oberammergau.

Geneva, Jan. 4.—The Zurich observatory reports that a serious earthquake, which was recorded recently, has been located at Oberammergau, in upper Bavaria, and also in the upper valley of the Lech river.

Seized Men Taken to Germany.

Petrograd, Jan. 4.—The Germans are reported to have transferred 200,000 civilian Poles and Lithuanians forcibly to Germany. General Korniloff, former Commander-in-chief and one of the leaders in the movement against the Bolsheviks, has arrived in the district of the Don Cossacks. (The death of General Korniloff was reported unofficially a few days since.) Members of former Russian governments who are under arrest in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul have abandoned their hunger strike.

German Autocrats Wage World Fight Against Socialism

(By United Press)

Petrograd, Jan. 4.—Bolsheviki have revealed documents showing the Czar's government of German autocrats in conference regarding joining forces to wage a world fight against socialism.

Independence of Ukrania Acknowledged

(By United Press)

Petrograd, Jan. 4.—A decision to acknowledge the independence of Ukrania has been reached by the commissionaires council.

(Presumably this represents the Bolshevik will and is virtually a victory for the Cossack rebels.)

Stumbling Block in Russian Peace

(By United Press)

Amsterdam, Jan. 4.—The record of the main reichstag proceedings at Berlin teaching here show that the central party is supporting Germany's contentions that Poland, Lithuania and Courland are separate entities of Russia, this stumbling block in the Russian peace negotiations is therefore apparently supported by a majority of the main committee of the reichstag.

Constituent Assembly be Held January 18th

(By United Press)

Petrograd, Jan. 4.—It has been formally announced that the constituent assembly will be held January 18th if a quorum of 400 is present here.

Japs Seriously Consider Their War Conditions

(By United Press)

Tokio, Jan. 4.—Russia, the wall that formerly protected Japan and Asia from German influence, apparently having collapsed Japan is seriously considering her war status.

None Think the War Will End Within 2 Years

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—Members of the house mission believe the United States and the allies will be able during 1918 to lay the firm foundation for victory, and none think the war will end within two years.

MAJ. GEN. R. L. BULLARD

Succeeds Sibert in command of Sammies now in France.



Maj. Gen. Robert L. Bullard has been chosen to succeed General Sibert in direct charge of Pershing's first expedition in France, it is officially announced.

Admiral Fletcher Navy Convoy System has been Recalled

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—Rear Admiral Fletcher, formerly in charge of the navy convoy system abroad, has been relieved and ordered home as the direct outgrowth of the torpedoing of the American transport Antilles. This fact leaked out a considerable length of time after it occurred, following Representative Britton's charges that the Antilles had been sunk through navy negligence. Rear Admiral Fletcher is not the Fletcher of Vera Cruz fame. His defense is that he was not provided with sufficient convoy.

Cabinet Officer Minister Munitions is First Result

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—Senator Chamberland has introduced a bill creating a minister of munitions, as the United Press forecasted. This is the first result of the senate military investigation and would make the minister a cabinet officer with full charge of the production and distributing anything the president deemed munitions of war.

Government to Own Railroads of the Nation

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—President Wilson has started congress on a legislative program that is expected to result in government ownership of the nation's railways. Congress will create an organization under Director General McAdoo similar to the government shipping board, to buy and sell railway securities and will appropriate \$500,000,000 for the immediate improvement with protective legislation to insure that the government will not lose on the proposition. The government will be authorized to compensate the railways on a basis of the net revenue of the past three years and will pass the necessary legislation for protecting travel loss and shippers under the government regime, and McAdoo will be authorized to run the roads. Non-interested people are speculating on the problem of the roads extricating themselves from this legal web and many think they will never return to private ownership.

Calls Upon Congress Give Him Full Power to Operate Railways

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—President Wilson called upon congress to give him full power to conduct the federal operation of the railways of the country, and before the joint congressional session outlined the necessary steps for Director General McAdoo's success. He said that private interests must for the present give way to public necessity, failed to ask specifically for appropriations but stated that McAdoo will confer with the committees on that point later. All financial operations now should be established and coordinated with the financial operations of the government, and no borrowing should run athwart of the borrowings by the federal treasury.

STOCK MARKET FLUCTUATES ON ACCOUNT MESSAGE

New York, Jan. 4.—The stock market registered a small fluctuation on account of President Wilson's message.

Intense Cold

With the Americans in the field, Jan. 4.—The intense cold continues, but the Sammies are enduring the hardships splendidly.

COL. SAMUEL McROBERTS

Chief of procurement division of new ordnance bureau.



Col. Samuel McRoberts, formerly executive manager of the National City Bank of New York has been named chief of the procurement division, one of the branches into which the business functions of the bureau are divided and the name of a civilian to head the production division will be announced in a few days. The work will be divided into four divisions, procurement, production, inspection and supply.

Third Liberty Loan Opens February 15 Amount Not Stated

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—The third liberty loan campaign opens February 15, the amount not having yet been ascertained, and extensive advertising campaign preparations are nearing completion. Numerous new posters including one by Howard Chandler Christy being prepared. Secretary McAdoo will give his entire attention to the railroad until Feb. 1 and will then turn his attention to the third liberty loan.

Increase Draft Age from 31 to 45 Years Get Skilled Labor

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 4.—Provost Marshal Crowder says that increasing the draft age from 31 to 45 years is one of the probabilities of the future, mainly to get skilled labor but also to distribute the burdens of the war.

WILD HAY \$18.75 TON ON TRACK HERE

Carl Wheeler of Oak Lawn Township Realizing That Price, Hay Hauled to Brainerd by Trucks

Two Tons Baled Hay Hauled Nine Miles in Two Hours Over Winter Roads in Demonstration Made

A shortage in hay is sending up the price to top notches.

Carl Wheeler, farmer of Oak Lawn township, is receiving \$18.75 a ton for wild hay on the tracks at Brainerd.

In a demonstration run made with trucks handled by the Woodhead Motor Co., a truck loaded with two tons of baled hay made the trip from Wheeler's farm to Brainerd, a distance of nine miles, in two hours, traveling over country roads heavy with snow.

In two days Mr. Wheeler loaded three cars for shipment. Other farmers of the county are also making heavy shipments of hay, but they are not getting their product to town with such expedition as Wheeler is.

KAISER DEFIED; SLAVS HINT WAR

Trotsky Declares "Germany's Hypocritical Peace Proposals" Are Not Acceptable.

HUN TRICKERY FEARED

Every Move of Teuton Delegates Watched With Apprehension—Russian Masses Declared Ready To Resume Battle For Rights.

Petrograd, Jan. 4.—The government of the Russian workers will not consent to the German peace proposals, declares Leon Trotsky, Bolshevik foreign minister.

M. Trotsky's declaration was made before the central committee of the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's delegates during an address in which he denounced in scathing terms "Germany's hypocritical peace proposals." Ready to Defend Revolt.

Asserting the government of Russian workers would not consent to such conditions, he said that if the Teutonic powers did not agree to free disposal of the destiny of the Polish and Lithuanian nations it would be urgently necessary to defend the Russian revolution.

He said the needs at the front would be satisfied, whatever efforts might be necessary.

Representatives from all the fronts who attended the meeting declared troops would defend the revolution, but said bread and boots were necessary.

Evidences multiplied that irreconcilable differences between Russian and German peace conferees will force discontinuance of future separate peace negotiations and that the armistice may not be renewed.

Hun Trickery Feared. Russians now are apprehensive of German trickery in every move by the Teutonic delegates and agents here and at Ernst-Litovsk.

Serious differences, it was stated, had been developed here at the conference between Russian and German commissioners to discuss exchange of war prisoners.

The Germans, under Ambassador Mirbach, are openly seeking to utilize the conference for a re-opening of German trade in Russia. Bolshevik delegates have emphasized anew their unwillingness to go beyond the lines indicated in the armistice.

Propose Rail Regulation. The Germans even propose to regulate Russian railway traffic, but the suggestion was rejected as "untimely" by the Russians.

Foreign Minister Trotsky dispatched a formal note to Berlin regarding the forcible transportation of thousands from Russian territory occupied by Germans, presumably protesting against Germany's treatment of these deportees.

The Petrograd correspondent of the Times says a deep impression has been made in Petrograd by the withdrawal of French and British ships from Archangel and breaking up of important French and British depots there.

British Ambassador Buchanan will leave Petrograd soon for London on account of illness, according to announcement. Members of the British mission to Russia will depart with him.

Temperature Drops Coal Situation Becomes More Acute

(By United Press)

New York, Jan. 4.—The temperature has dropped again and the coal situation is more acute with intense suffering. Ice in the harbors is congesting shipping.

ASKS NEW DRAFT LAW

Crowder Would Register Youths As They Reach 21

Provost Marshal Says Amendment Would Make 700,000 Available Making Class One Sufficient.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Provost Marshal General Crowder in his annual report to the secretary of war urges immediate registration for military service of all men who have become 21 years of age since the first draft registration.

700,000 Available Yearly. If this is done and similar registrations held each year, 700,000 physically fit men of class one, the provost marshal general stated, will be available for service every 12 months and this would not necessitate taking men from the deferred exemption classes.

Class 1 To Fill Needs. "The policy and belief of this office is that in all probability it will be possible to fill all our military needs from class one," the report stated.

Skilled labor and farmers will be drafted from the deferred classes, General Crowder intimated, "should the situation demand."

"The situation in these respects is serious now, particularly in the shipbuilding industry and in factories working on war munitions," he said. "It is probable there will be a shortage of farm labor in the spring, although the new draft regulations have relieved that situation."

Would Alter Draft Plan. The report was placed before Congress with the request for an amendment to the selective service act which would change the plan of allotting quotas.

In the first draft, the quotas were based only on population, but General Crowder asks that the new basis be made the number of men found in class one in each district. Dissatisfaction was caused in many districts under the last draft because the large number of aliens, all of whom were exempt, caused the quotas to be much higher than the average.

American Engineers Who Helped British Repel German Attack



This is a group of the American engineers who helping the British during the battle of Cambrai repair their railroads suddenly found themselves the object of a German attack. Though they had not received much military training they threw down their tools and taking guns from the British got into line and helped repel the Germans. For this they were officially and highly praised by British commanders.

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Groceries, Flour and Feed
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"FLOWERS"
For Funerals
Made up especially nice. Call
Duluth Floral Company
And write for our large illustrated
SEED AND GARDEN BOOK.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:
Mild, light snow flurries probable.
Co-operative observer's record, 6
P. M.—
January 3, maximum 21, minimum
12. Snowfall trace.
January 4, minimum for night, 13.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

* News of Parties, Visitors, Vis-
its, Deaths, Accidents, Etc.,
gratefully received by the Dis-
patch. Telephone North-
west 74.

Ray Cleary was at Detroit on busi-
ness matters.

For Spring Water phone 264. If
E. W. Schmidt is now employed at
the court house.

Miss Edna Leak went to Minneapo-
lis this afternoon.

R. E. Dunham went to Deerwood
and Crosby this afternoon.

Home made bread for sale at Pub-
lic Market. 11
Jack Neary and Joseph A. Jones
of Northome were in the city.

Crystal Spring water, \$1.00 month.
L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m

W. K. McNair of Cloquet was in
the city and at the paper mill yester-
day.

W. J. Hall is at Ironton where he
is selling a large number of Kim-
ball pianos.

WANTED—Reliable, energetic
Newsboys at Brainerd News Co.
614 Maple Street. Good propo-
sition.

Miss Elva Maynard has returned
from a holiday visit in Long Prairie
and the Twin Cities.

Store your household goods with D.
M. Clark & Co. 129tf

T. E. Jones went to St. Paul this
afternoon where he will meet Mrs.
Jones and accompany her home.

R. F. Wilder, of Minneapolis, an
officer of the Tri-State Telephone
company, was in the city yesterday.

Eyes examined, glasses fitted. Dr.
E. E. Long, Ransford Bldg. 179tf

Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Nicholson
were guests of relatives in Minneapo-
lis during the New Year's holidays.

The picture of the mammoth
tanks at the Cambria engagement
will be shown at the Best theatre
tonight.

The annual meeting of the Brain-
erd and Southern Telephone company
will be held January 14, at 1 o'clock
at the Rose creamery.

Rev. G. P. Sheridan will preach
this Sunday morning on the theme,
"The Great Appeal of the Nations."
Services at 10:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Lind and daughter
Genevieve, returned to Pasco,
Wash., after spending the holidays
with friends and relatives.

William Molstad, son of Jens Mol-
stad, returned this afternoon to his
studies at the agricultural college of
the University of Minnesota.

Chris Schwabe, who was operated
on at a hospital in Rochester for
tomach trouble, is home again and
able to attend to his business.

Are you ready to start your Pa-
triotic Course on next Monday morn-
ing? We are opening wonderful
possibilities for you. Take advan-
tage of them. The Brainerd Commer-
cial College. Iron Exch. Bldg. 11

George O'Brien, student of the
Houghton School of Mines, is spend-
ing his holiday vacation with his pa-
rents, Mr. and Mrs. Con O'Brien.

Miss Mary Cosgrove, who spent the
holidays with relatives here, returned
this afternoon to Aberdeen, S. D.,
where she will resume teaching.

Mrs. Edward Ingalls and little
daughter, who have been visiting re-
latives in Crosby and Aitkin, returned
this afternoon to her home in Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Bane and her
mother, Mrs. L. J. Cale, went to Min-
neapolis this afternoon where they
will be located for the balance of the
winter.

A dance will be given at the Fin-
nish socialist hall on Saturday eve-
ning. Starts at 9 P. M. Admission
for men 35c, ladies free. Good union
music. 189

The Misses Lottie and Millie Gar-
ner, of the Gardner Hat Shop, who
have been visiting in the Twin Cities
during the holidays, returned home
yesterday.

Prof. Stitzel of the Brainerd Busi-
ness College returned from his holi-
day vacation, yesterday, and is busy
preparing for the mid-winter term
which opens Monday morning.

Strictly fresh Eggs for sale 50c per
dozen, also chickens, live or dressed.
Hulda Harlow, 1002 Short street.
Tri-State Phone 5464. 18012

The house of A. Mohler situated at
the end of Northeast Oak street near
Eighth street burned to the ground
Thursday noon. It was an old build-
ing. The department made a run to
the fire. Mr. Mohler is at a loss to
account for the origin of the fire.

The hotel business, which lan-
guished during the holidays when all
drummers and the public generally
spent Christmas and New Year's at
home, has picked up again and the
Ransford, Ideal, Iron Exchange and
National report increased business.

Again the Government is calling on
you. This time for trained stenog-
raphers and bookkeepers. Take
Uncle Sam's tip and let us prepare
you for this service. Our Patriotic
Course starts next Monday. It will
be your Red Letter Day if you enroll
at that time. The Brainerd Commer-
cial College. 11

The Misses Anna Ericsson, Emma
Anderson, Marie Gibson and Grace
Drexler, who spent the holidays at
their various homes, have returned to
their studies at the Valley City nor-
mal. The Cheyenne river runs
through the campus and offers excel-
lent skating. Miss Anderson is an
adept at skating and several match
races are being planned among the
girls.

A Scarlet Rider.
Lieut. Col. G. E. Sanders, D. S. C.,
of the Second Canadian Pioneer Bat-
talion, holds a somewhat remarkable
record in the Canadian forces. He is
said to be the first Canadian officer
who has ever been known to suggest
that his command should be taken over
by a younger man. In view of the
splendid work which has been done
by the Second Pioneer Battalion, the
Canadian authorities have been rather
hard to persuade on this point; but
Colonel Sanders has, unfortunately, in-
sisted that, while he may still be use-
ful in other directions, pioneering is a
young man's job. Colonel Sanders,
who fought through the Boer war with
distinction, was before that war in
command of the Northwest Mounted
Police at Calgary. Indeed, he returned
to that command of famous "Mounties"
after the war.

South Africa Growing Sugar Cane.
Sugar planting is making rapid
strides in South Africa, and the last
few years have seen acres upon acres
put under cane, from Durban to prac-
tically the end of the new railway line
in Zululand, terminating at Sonkele.
The coast of Natal and Zululand is
eminently suitable for the growth of
sugar cane, and many farmers have
given up their up-country farms for the
more profitable sugar growing along
the coast belt. The climate is very
warm in summer, but as the main
work, the cutting and milling of the
cane, takes place in winter, sugar
growers are enabled to leave their
farms for a cooler climate during the
summer months.

Uncle Sam's Corn-Grinding Quern.
An interesting relic of early Scot-
land was unearthed in Cranford re-
cently. A grave digger was preparing
for a burial when he dug up, at a
depth of about five feet, the neat half
of the upper stone of a primitive corn-
grinding quern, measuring 18 inches
in diameter, and showing half of the
central hole. Search without success
was made for the other fragments.

Speaker Talks of War.
Speaker Champ Clark recently talked
of the war, and following his usual
habit, referred to men and battles of
our Civil war. Champ always becomes
personal and reminiscent when occa-
sion affords. Of the present war the
speaker expresses doubt whether any
important battles will be fought during
the winter. The battle of the Marne,
he says, was the greatest ever fought

All Furs at One-Half-1-2 Price

All Suits at One Half, 1-2 Price

All Cloth Coats at One Half, 1-2 Price

All Dresses, Skirts & Waists at 1-3 Off

Murphy's
THE STORE OF QUALITY

BIG SALE
SATURDAYBIG SALE
SATURDAYCONGRESS READY
TO PUT ON SPEEDBUT IT WILL NOT HURRY MUCH
UNLESS IT HAS GREATLY
CHANGED ITS WAYS.

SENATE ALWAYS DELIBERATE

Expansionist Views of the Late Sen-
ator Newlands—Speaker Clark's Com-
ments on the War—No Old, Soiled
Magazines Go to Soldiers.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—Congress is in a pos-
ition to put on steam and rush legisla-
tion if that should be the desire of
everybody. Both houses were organ-
ized last spring; the committees were
appointed and much of the legislation
proposed received consideration in com-
mittee although not brought before the
session which was devoted almost ex-
clusively to war business. But will
congress put on steam and hurry? Not
unless congress has greatly changed.
Congress has its own way of legisla-
tion, which is generally speed in the
house, where there are so many mem-
bers and deliberation in the senate
where there are so few.

It is quite well understood that dis-
cussion and deliberation have greatly
improved the bills passed. The im-
provement is generally commended,
but the delay condemned. One great
trouble and cause of delay is not that
which improves a bill, but which is a
discussion of extraneous matters and a
reiteration of arguments over and over
again.

There is no team work in senate dis-
cussions, and not very much in the
house for that matter. For example,
they do not divide a bill up into vari-
ous classifications and subjects and as-
sign a man to cover each particular
branch. On the contrary, every sena-
tor interested, and many who are not,
will discuss the bill from end to end.
More than that, they will go over the
same ground again and again, especial-
ly if asked questions by senators who
did not listen to the first presentation.

Newlands an Expansionist.
The late Senator Newlands believed
in expansion of United States territory.
Although of the minority party at the
time, he was the author of the resolution
annexing Hawaii. He was then a
member of the house. He had scarcely
taken his seat in the senate when he
introduced a resolution to annex Santo
Domingo. This so enraged Senator En-
grose Hale of Maine, a persistent op-
ponent of annexation anywhere, that he
gave Newlands a severe dressing down
in a manner characteristic of Hale. And
it was just what Newlands wanted as
it gave him an opportunity to make a
speech in reply without seeming to vi-
olate the traditions of the senate—which
then were respected—that a new sena-
tor should not make a speech during
his first session. Ever after Newlands
spoke frequently and at length.

Senator Newlands was the only Demo-
crat to be elected three times in a
Northern state during more than a
quarter of a century. On account of
his three terms, he ranked many of his
colleagues. He was No. 12 in length of
service among the senators. Four mem-
bers of his own party were his seniors,
Martin of Virginia, Tillman of South
Carolina, Culberson of Texas and Sim-
mons of North Carolina. Two Demo-
crats, Stone of Missouri and Overman
of North Carolina, entered the senate
at the same time. Newlands will be
known in history as a visionary, a man
who was far ahead of his times, but
who lived long enough to see many of
his dreams come true.

Speaker Talks of War.
Speaker Champ Clark recently talked
of the war, and following his usual
habit, referred to men and battles of
our Civil war. Champ always becomes
personal and reminiscent when occa-
sion affords. Of the present war the
speaker expresses doubt whether any
important battles will be fought during
the winter. The battle of the Marne,
he says, was the greatest ever fought

In the world, and General Joffre is the
most distinguished figure of the great-
est war in history.

Postmaster General Burleson has de-
cided that the post office will not handle
old, torn and soiled magazines for the
troops. The old issues are not consid-
ered worth sending and the soiled is-
sues are not deemed worthy of the men
who are serving the country. Let peo-
ple put their one-cent stamps on clean,
fresh magazines and the post office will
see that they get to the soldiers and
sailors, all of whom want reading mat-
ter.

Saving of Gasoline.
There is plenty of gasoline for all
purposes, both peace and war, but none
to waste. Figures compiled recently,
notes an automobile journal, suggest
that 1,500,000 gallons can be saved
every day by attention to the follow-
ing items (there are seven of them and
four lie within the province of the
individual motorist):

Tank wagon losses, 7,200 gallons;
leaky carburetors average one-sevent-
teenth pint a car, 30,400 gallons; poorly
adjusted carburetors, one-half pint a
car, 240,000; engines running idle, one-
quarter pint a car, 150,000; wasted in
garages, 10 pints a day, 67,000; saved
by using kerosene in garages, 108,000;
needless use of passenger cars, one
and three-quarters pints a car, 807,
000 gallons.

Savings of 1,000,000 gallons will pro-
vide for the army and navy, including
airplanes, which require the highest
grade of gasoline.

BRETHREN OF THE SWORD

Home of Cult Was at Wenden, on the
North Line of the German
Offensive in Russia.

The National Geographic society is-
sues the following war geography bul-
letin on Wenden, on the line of the
German offensive in the direction of
Petrograd:

The town of Wenden, one of the oldest
in the province of Livonia, is situ-
ated a few miles by rail northeast of
Riga. It is a picturesque place, built
two miles from the left bank of the
River Aa. The Aa flows in a south-
westerly direction from this point
through that part of Russia known as
the Livonian Switzerland, not on ac-
count of the height of mountains—the
highest hill is only 265 feet—but be-
cause of the charm of the landscape
with its well-wooded slopes bordering
the river valley.

The story of Wenden goes back seven
centuries to the time when the Breth-
ren of the Sword, recognized by Pope
Innocent III in 1202, made this place
their headquarters in the campaign in-
augurated by them to disseminate
Christianity among the heathen Livon-
ians. A castle was built here in
1210, and though it is now scarcely
more than a crumbling ruin, as it was
never restored after the destructive
fire of 1748, around it cluster many
romantic and fascinating stories.

One of the most celebrated grand
masters of the Brethren of the Sword
was Walter von Plettenberg, who rose
to power during the closing years of
the fifteenth century and was finally
recognized as a prince of the empire
by the Emperor Charles V in 1527.
Plettenberg also built the castle of
Riga (1494-1515), which has fared bet-
ter than the Wenden stronghold, for
it is still used as the seat of the Rus-
sian authorities for Riga, was used
up to the time of Riga's fall a few
weeks ago.

The most tragic chapter in the
history of Wenden was enacted in 1577
when the members of the garrison of
the castle, besieged by the forces of
the implacable Ivan the Terrible, blew
themselves up rather than fall into the
hands of the czar. The castle was
soon repaired, however, and a short
time thereafter was the residence of
Patrius Nidecki, appointed bishop of
Wenden in 1583 by Stephen Bathory,
king of Poland.

His Price Was Low.

While ashore in a port of one of
the little island republics in the Carib-
bean a number of United States ma-
rines attended a bull fight that was
graced by the presence of his excel-

A New Year And
A NEW PLUMBING EQUIPMENT

Resolve now that this coming year will
show an added convenience in the sanitary
equipment of your home.

Carry out the resolution most advan-
tageously by having us install "Standard"
guaranteed bathroom fixtures, a kitchen
sink or a set of laundry trays in the most
scientific manner.

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TO DARKEN HAIR
APPLY SAGE TEA

Look Young! Bring Back Its
Natural Color, Gloss and
Attractiveness.

Common garden sage brewed into a
heavy tea with sulphur added, will
turn gray, streaked and faded hair
beautifully dark and luxuriant. Just
a few applications will prove a revela-
tion if your hair is fading, streaked or
gray. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sul-
phur recipe at home, though, is trou-
blesome. An easier way is to get a
bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur
Compound at any drug store all ready
for use. This is the old-time recipe
improved by the addition of other in-
gredients.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not
sinful, we all desire to retain our
youthful appearance and attractive-
ness. By darkening your hair with
Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound,
no one can tell, because it does it so
naturally, so evenly. You just dampen
a sponge or soft brush with it and
draw this through your hair, taking
one small strand at a time; by morning
all gray hairs have disappeared, and,
after another application or two, your
hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy,
soft and luxuriant.

This preparation is a delightful toilet
requisite and is not intended for the
cure, mitigation or prevention of dis-
ease.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

ATTEND

Social Dance

At

BIG K. C. HALL

Fri., Jan. 4, 18

For a Good Time. Good Music.

SUFFERING CATS!
GIVE THIS MAN
THE GOLD MEDAL

Let folks step on your feet hereafter;
wear shoes a size smaller if you like,
for corns will never again send electric
sparks of pain through you, according
to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug
called freezone, applied directly upon a
tender, aching corn, instantly re-
lieves soreness, and soon the entire
corn, root and all, lifts right out.
This drug is a sticky ether compound,
but dries at once and simply shrivels
up the corn without inflaming or even
irritating the surrounding tissue.

It is claimed that a quarter of an
ounce of freezone obtained at any drug
store will cost very little but is suffi-
cient to remove every hard or soft corn
or callus from one's feet. Cut this out,
especially if you are a woman reader
who wears high heels.

WANTED
HORSES for U.S.A.

Geldings, 5 to 9 Yrs., 1100 to 1600.
No Light Grays.

Mares 8 to 9 Yrs.
CASH PAID.

M. S. Jacobson

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Heated Rooms

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NATIONAL HOTEL

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Prices 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

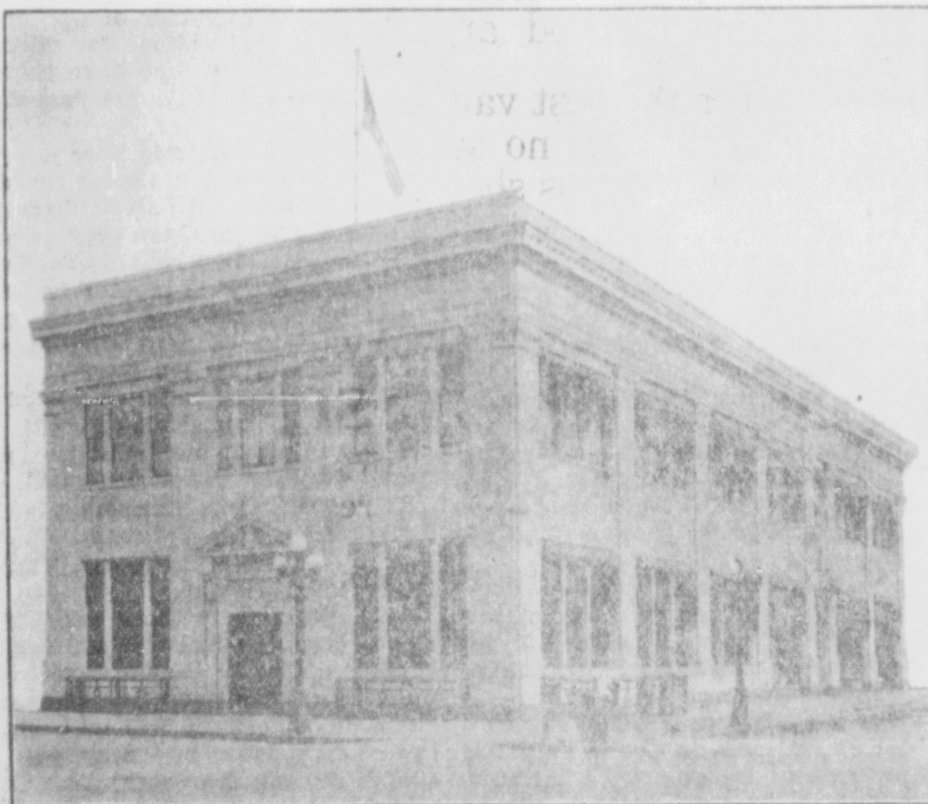
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Established 1881



Capital and Surplus \$100,000.00
Deposits over - - \$1,250,000.00

We Pay Interest on Time and Savings Deposits

Savings Deposits made up to and in-
cluding January 10th will draw interest
from January 1st.

G. D. LaBAR, Pres. F. A. FARRAR, V. P. R. B. WITHINGTON, Cashier
B. L. LAGERQUIST, Asst. Cashier A. P. DROGSETH, Asst. Cashier

WOMAN'S REALM

NEW YEAR'S PARTY

Given This Evening in the Rooms of the First Methodist Church

This evening in the social rooms of the Methodist church the Ladies' Aid society will entertain at a New Year's party to which all are invited.

The following splendid program will be given, refreshments will be served and a jolly good time enjoyed:

Piano duet, Mrs. Willer and Miss Esther Ericsson.

Recitation, "The Lades' Aid," Mrs. C. H. Paine.

Tenor solo, "The Daughter of Mother Machree," Thomas Deakes.

Reading, "Santa Claus," James Whitcomb Riley, Mrs. T. H. Crosswell.

Solo, "The Secret of Home Sweet Home," Penn—Mrs. T. E. Nitterauer.

Recitation, "Just Like a Man," Miss Fern Lowe.

Baritone solo, Dr. E. E. Long.

Chestnuts, Mrs. Henry Clark.

Quartet, "Sweet and Low," Barnaby—Messdames Nitterauer, Kurz, and Messrs. Noble, A. Cartwright.

Piano and violin selection, Misses Lillian and Agnes Nelson.

An informal reception by the members of the Ladies' Aid will follow.

PEOPLES CHURCH

Annual Business Meeting Held on Wednesday Evening, Year's Work is Reviewed

The annual business meeting of the Peoples Congregational church was held on Wednesday evening, Rev. William Lloyd Crist, presiding. There was a big attendance, and a splendid report given of the past year's work.

Twenty-three members have united with the church during the year 1917 thirty persons have been baptized, and the financial condition is excellent, there being no indebtedness. The following are the officers for the ensuing year:

Deacons—John Lawrence, William L. Danson, Archibald Templeton.

Trustees—William Langdon, Mrs. William Langdon, Alvin Bystrom.

Clerk—Mrs. Ida F. Warren, re-elected.

Treasurer—Mrs. John Lawrence, re-elected.

Organist—Miss Jessie Caniff, re-elected.

Asst. Organist—Miss Margaret Johnson.

Deaconesses—Mrs. Peter Forsberg, Mrs. L. Cameron.

Ushers—James Templeton, Felix Novick.

A committee on finances was appointed, and plans for a number of improvements discussed.

The following officers for the Sunday school, for the year, were elected:

Superintendent—Rev. William L. Crist, re-elected.

Assistant—Miss Jessie Caniff, re-elected.

Secretary—Miss Myrtle Olson.

Treasurer—Miss Ruth Templeton.

Organist—Miss Beatrice Stearns.

Cradle Roll Supt.—Mrs. Ida F. Warren.

The attendance at Sunday school has nearly doubled during the year, the Cradle Roll the largest in the city numbering 136.

The following are the officers of the Ladies' Aid for the year:

President—Mrs. A. P. Appar.

Vice President—Mrs. Thomas Esma.

Secretary—Mrs. Ida Warren.

Treasurer—Mrs. Peter Forsberg.

The Ladies' Aid society has been a great help to the church during the year along many lines, especially financial.

After a social hour Mr. Crist served coffee and doughnuts to the congregation.

Y. P. C. E.

The Y. P. C. E. meeting of the First Congregational church which was to have been held last Sunday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. M. Johnstone, was postponed and will be held this Sunday at 5:30 o'clock following vesper service which will be in the church.

C. Bruhn will be leader and speaker. Special music will be vocal solo by Miss Ruth M. Robinson. All are cordially invited.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Y. P. S. of the Swedish Lutheran church will be held in the church basement and will be entertained by Alma Molgren, Mary Anderson and Gladys Peterson.

Entertain at Bridge

Mr. and Mrs. Harold E. Webb entertained at bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Egan of St. Paul who were their guests over New Year's.

Nyland-Hicks

A pretty home wedding was celebrated Friday morning, Dec. 28, at 10:30 o'clock, when Miss Mabel Nyland was married to Roland Hicks of Remer at the home of her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nyland of 1315 Norwood street, Rev. Eloy G. Carlson officiating.

It was a quiet wedding with relatives and a few friends present. The bride was radiant in a white satin gown and carried a bridal bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley.

The bridesmaid was her sister, Miss Annie Nyland, who wore light yellow chiffon and carried a bouquet of roses. The best man was Harry Finne.

After the ceremony a wedding dinner was served.

The bride is a graduate of the Brainerd high school and taught school at Remer and Cuyuna, just concluding her term at the latter town on Christmas. The bridegroom is in the lumber business at Remer.

Mr. and Mrs. Hicks left for Duluth where they will visit his parents. They will be at home at Remer after January 15.

The Dispatch joins their many friends in extending best wishes for their continued happiness and prosperity.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Very Gratifying Reports Made at the Annual Meeting Held on Thursday Evening

The annual meeting of the First Baptist church was held Thursday evening. Reports were very gratifying and revealed a year of marked development in the church.

Forty-two new members were received during the year. 3 of this number were received by baptism. The Ladies' Aid reported a balance of \$682 most of which is for the building fund. The entire amount in the building fund is about \$1300.

After all reports were given the following officers were elected:

Deacons—A. J. Lydson, G. A. Beale, G. A. Tracy, George Cain.

Trustees—M. D. Stoner, H. A. Knapp, A. E. Thayer, Frank Gallupe, Henry Graham.

Church Clerk—Henry Olson.

Treasurer—L. O. Kelsven.

Financial Secretary—Chas. Rice.

Treasurer Mission Funds—F. E. Olson.

Organist—Mrs. L. O. Kelsven.

Assistant Organist—Mrs. Henry Olson.

Choirleader—Mrs. G. A. Beale.

Asst. Choirleader—Guy Peters.

Sunday school officers were also elected with G. A. Beale as superintendent.

A new heating plant has been installed in the church and the interior of the building completely redecorated making a remarkable improvement in its appearance.

The church enters the new year with bright prospects for the best work in its history.

Well Answered.

Old Lestorich, an uncomplimentary husband, who used to appear in the Austrian paper Floh, said to his wife: "If nature had made me an ostrich, perhaps I could eat your cooking." "That would be fine," answered his importunate wife. "Then I could get plumes for my hat."—Christianity

In Sanitarium Three Weeks

Splendid results in kidney and bladder troubles are achieved by Foley Kidney Pills. Mrs. Effie Kleppe, Avon, Minn., writes: "I was at Fargo sanitarium three weeks for rheumatism and kidney trouble; got no relief. I began using Foley Kidney Pills and found immediate relief. A bottle completed the cure." H. P. Dunn, druggist—Adv.

NAMES OF ALL CONTRIBUTORS

To the Y. M. C. A. War Fund and the Amounts of the Contributions Made by Each Person

2,340 DONATED TO THE FUND

Thanks are Extended for the Generous Contributions Which Made the Drive Such a Success

Herewith we publish in alphabetical order the names of all who contributed to the Y. M. C. A. war fund, and opposite the names are the amounts contributed. Receipts have been issued for every donation and are being distributed. The general committee will be pleased to have its attention called to any errors or omissions in this printed list.

As near as can be determined 2340 donated to the sum collected.

The committee hereby extends its thanks to the local press for its generous contribution of space given during this campaign, and its equivalent in value is considered a part of the sum donated.

Names without amounts are public school teachers.

Amounts preceded by an asterisk (*) are listed in duplicate:

(Continued)

K.	
Kelsven, L. O.	\$ 1.00
Kimball, C. H.	25.00
Kundert, H. E.	25.00
Kantz, H. A.	10.00
Knowles, C. A.	3.00
Katlovsk, Mike	2.00
Kabel, J. F.	5.00
Kylo, H. C.	5.00
Kunde, Louie	1.00
Kabyak, Edward	2.50
Kaley, E. W.	1.00
Kalland, Thos.	1.00
Karlenski, Rose	.50
Kangas, John	.50
Kaupp, J. Geo.	3.00
Kjortz, C.	5.00
Keene, Margaret	.50
Kerben, Wm.	1.00
Kleinschmidt, H.	1.00
Knapp, H. A.	2.00
Knutzen, P. H.	1.00
Kocallares, Toni D.	.25
Koop, J. W.	10.00
Korhien, Minnie L.	1.00
Krause, Henry	2.00
Krech, C. A.	5.00
Krueger, A. C.	.50
Krueger, Frank	2.00
Kuehnich, Geo.	2.00
Kalucha, August	1.00
Komiski, John	1.00
Krueger, H. L.	1.00
Kause, Anestine	1.00
Krueger, Gust	1.00
Kiplen, John	1.00
Kiebler, Joseph	1.00
Kuhlman, Josephine	2.00
Karlson, J. F.	.50
Knutson, John	5.00
Kroes, G. J.	5.00
Kelly, W. L.	1.00
Kohlhas, John	1.00
Kronberg, E.	1.00
Kelly, John	1.00
Karkkainen, John	1.00
Kern, Adolph	1.00
Kohn, Theo.	2.00
Kausanen, Henry	1.00
Keiters, Jacob	.25
Kivista, Matt	.50
Kaufman, Nick	.50
Knutson, Ole E.	.50
Kittleton, Kittle	2.50
Kamrath, Marie	1.00
Kampman, Imogene	1.00
Kincaid, Martha	1.00
Keane, Denis, Carrington,	1.00
N. D.	1.00
Kalfein, Ed, Tuttle, N. D.	.10
Koskinen, Oscar A.	1.00
Koop, A. L.	3.00
Kukko, A.	.25
Kulla, L.	1.00
Kukko, John	1.00
Kinsmiller, John	.50
Kanta, August	1.00
Kinsmiller, F.	.50
Kinsmiller, Joe	1.00
Kratzman, H.	.25

L.	
Kratzman, Paul	.25
Karlson, K. F.	.50
Lagerquist, K. W.	10.00
Lammon, G. E.	5.00
Ledoux, Nelson	1.00
Liljendahl, Huldah	1.00
Lowey, Irene C.	5.00
Lowrie, W. J.	5.00
Lively, W. E.	10.00
Long, E. E.	10.00
Lear, W. B.	3.00
Long, Bertha E.	5.00
Lawrence, Marie F.	5.00
Lindsey, Claude C.	5.00
Lystad, Ole	5.00
Lind, G. T.	1.00
LaBar, Geo. D.	150.00
Lagerquist, A. G.	2.00
Lagerquist, B. L.	5.00
Lagerquist, C. A.	5.00
Lamb, H. M.	5.00
Lamont, Al	1.00
Larson, O.	1.00
Larson, Ole D.	2.00
Larson, Ernest	3.00
Larson, J. A.	1.00
Larson, John	50.00
Lawrence, Bertha K.	5.00
Lawrence, D. F.	5.00
Ledoux, V. J.	1.00
Lee, John	.50
Levant, E.	5.00
Levandowski, A. J.	1.00
Linnemann, H. W.	10.00
Lincoln, F. L.	5.00
Lindeen, August	.50
Lindberg, S. A.	2.00
Liljendahl, John	2.00
Longyear & Co., L. J.	25.00
Lowry, Jane	5.00
Lowy, Mrs. H. E.	2.00
Lume, G. E.	5.00
Lukens, A. K.	1.00
Lyons, W. J.	1.00
Lawrence, J. B.	1.00
Ledoux, Mrs. Rose	1.00
Link, Anton	1.00
Ludwig, Robert	1.00
Long, R. L.	1.00
Luri, Otto	1.00
Lindberg, A. S.	1.00
Larson, Wm.	.50
Lake, Joe	.50
Larson, Roy	.50
Lydson, A. J.	4.00
Larson, August	1.00
Lasher, Wm.	1.00
Langdon, Wm.	2.50
Loipein, Anfin	2.00
Lund, Allen	2.00
Lindahl, Gust	2.00
Langer, N. E.	.50
Loy, John	.50
Larson, Thorwald	.50
Larson, Anton	.50
Lowey, F. J.	2.50
Lund, Richard	2.00
Lind, August	2.00
Lee, Clarence F.	2.00
Little, F. E.	2.50
Landrey, Ramey	1.00
Lind, Jennie	1.00
Lind, Goldie	1.00
Lindholm, Hildegarde	1.00
Lynch, Mrs. Fred, Aldrich	.50
Ludwig, A.	1.00
Liners, H.	.50
Lee, Elmer	5.00
Lang, P.	.50
Lemon, Art	1.00
Luck, Ed	1.00
* Lincoln School Teachers	5.00
* Lowell School Teachers	5.00
Livingston, Lenaz	5.00
Lukens, Fred	5.00
Loyal Order of Moose	10.00

(To be Continued)

At the Best Today and Tomorrow

Ethel Barrymore, brilliant star of the forthcoming play, "Life's Whirlpool," shown at the Best today and tomorrow, was born in Philadelphia, Pa. She comes of a famous theatrical family. Her father was Maurice Barrymore, a celebrated actor; her mother was Georgie Drew-Barrymore and she is the niece of John Drew and Sidney Drew, so that supreme dramatic ability is her rightful heritage.

Miss Barrymore's first recorded experience on the stage was at the Empire Theatre, New York, as Katherine in Henry Guy Carleton's "The Independent Young Person," with John Drew and Maude Adams in the cast. She became a member of the

Empire Stock company playing in "Rosemary" and "Secret Service." She went to London with the latter production, and English society received her with open arms.

"In Peter the Great," with Sir Henry Irving's company, Miss Barrymore was especially successful. In 1900, Charles Frohman made her a star, and she played in "Captain Jinks of the Horse Marines," "Cousin Kate" and "Sunday." However, the star had high ideals and her appearances in Ibsen's "A Doll's House," Pinero's "Mid-Chanel," Barrie's "Alice-Sit-by-the-Fire" and Galsworthy's "The Silver Box," indicated the high mark at which she was aiming. Her recent stage appearances have been in Barrie's "The Twelve-Pound Look" and "Our Mrs. McChesney."

The star's motion picture work has been done exclusively for Metro Pictures Corporation. She has appeared in "The Lifted Veil," "The Call of Her People," "The Greatest Power," "The Kiss of Hate," "The Final Judgment" and "The Awakening of Helena Richie."

1917 Rail Income Falls

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Income of the country's railroads, despite a new record in revenues, was \$100,000,000 less in 1917 than in the previous year. Frank Haigh Dixon, chief statistician for the bureau of railway economics, declared in an article published by the Railway Age Gazette. "Railway revenues for 1917 probably exceeded \$4,000,000,000, which is \$400,000,000 higher than those of 1916, which broke the record then by millions," said Dixon. "Expenses are on a sharper incline. They amounted to more than \$2,800,000,000 in 1917, which is nearly \$500,000,000 greater than in 1916."

Spanish Cabinet Dissolved.

Madrid, Jan. 4.—King Alfonso has signed a decree dissolving the cortes. Elections will be held February 17, and the new cabinet will meet March 11.

HUNS BOMB ITALIAN HOSPITALS; 18 KILLED

Rome, Jan. 4.—Teutons have begun bombing of hospitals on the Italian front. An official statement reports that enemy airmen have directly attacked two hospitals at Castellfranco and Yepeto, killing 18 patients by aerial bombs.

WHERE PRICE & QUALITY MEET
Lammon's
THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE
BRAINERD MINN.

We thank our customers for the nice increase in our business during the year just closed, and trust the quality of our goods, our prices and our service will merit a continued increase during 1918. May your happiness and prosperity far exceed that of any previous year our wish.

LOYALTY CANDIDATE CHOSEN

Louis Fons Beats Socialist for Wisconsin Senate Seat.

Milwaukee, Jan. 4.—Louis Fons, Republican, running on an "America First" platform, defeated Edmund F. Melms, Socialist, in a special election in the eighth senatorial district. Fons will fill the seat vacated in the senate by Frank Raguse, who was expelled last spring by the legislature for an alleged disloyal remark.

Immediately after his election was made certain Fons wired to United States Senator La Follette as follows: "I have repudiated you and condemned your un-American attitude, and the people of the eighth district indorsed my action. I congratulate the American citizens of the district."

"Louis A. Fons"



Eagle Provision Co.

612 Laurel St.

Rolled Oats, large pkg.	27c
Buckwheat Flour, 10 lb. sack	88c
Graham Flour, 10 lb. sack	63c
Corn Meal in Bulk, 10 lbs.	59c
Libby's Milk, tall cans, 3 for	40c
Big R Tomatoes, 3 cans	40c
Arm & Hammer Soda, 3 pkgs.	20c
Silver Gloss Starch, per pkg.	10c
Macaroni or Spaghetti, 3 pkgs.	25c
Lima Beans, per lb.	14c
Red Onions, 7 lbs.	25c

Calumet Baking Powder, 5 lb can 79c

You Can Buy Everything for Less all the Time Here.

Eagle Provision Co.

Brainerd, Minn.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

A REAL FUR SALE

BY BROCKMAN FUR FACTORY

Buy Your Furs From a Fur House Handling Furs Exclusively. We Offer You BETTER Bargains Than Any Drygoods House Handling Furs Only as a Side Line. We Guarantee to Save You Money.



A. BROCKMAN, Your Furrier

Here is the Brockman Fur Factory Mid-Winter opportunity to get some elegant Furs at exceptional prices. We have a tremendous stock of fine Furs on hand and they must go. This sale will be the most appreciated event in Brainerd, as our stock must be closed out entirely regardless of values and former prices. So come in while the selection is good and take your choice.

We offer the best values in Brainerd or vicinity, sale or no sale, in muffs, fur sets, etc. Let us show you these facts.

We have grown to our present business proportions through perfectly fair dealing and the giving of exceptional values alltimes.

MUFFS

Regular Price \$6, Sale Price\$2.50
Regular Price \$8 to \$10, sale price\$5
Genuine Jap Mink Muffs, regular price\$12 to \$15, sale price.....\$7.50

FUR SETS

Regular price \$10 to \$15, sale	... \$7.50
Brown Fox Set, regular price \$50,	
Sale Price. \$25
River Mink Set, regular \$35, sale	\$20

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

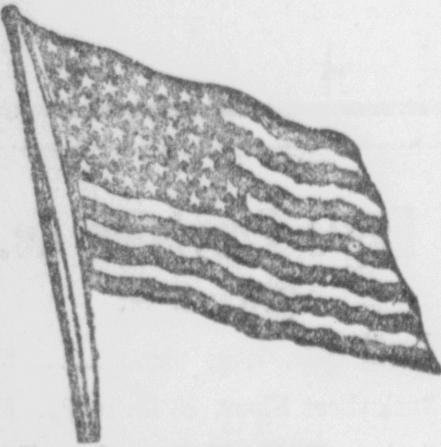
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One Month Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance.....\$4.00

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Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.



FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1918.



Your Flag and my Flag!

And, oh, how much it holds

Of your Land and my Land

Safe within its folds.

Your heart and my heart

Beat quicker at the sight;

Sun-kissed and wind-kissed,

The Red, the Blue and White!

The one Flag—the Great Flag—

The Flag for me and you—

Glorified the whole world wide—

The Red, the White, the Blue!

Have you cleaned your side walk, how about the water wagon, are you still writing it 1917.

Germany gave Russia the "once over" on the peace proposition which even gags Bolsheviks.

If Congressman Lundeen, of Minneapolis, is to be defeated for reelection the candidate should be one on whom all the opposition can unite. Under the primary election law can this be accomplished.

"Quit eating eggs" is the advice from the federal food administration which lists them now as a luxury and not a necessity. At 80 to 90 cents a dozen in the eastern market it would not seem necessary to call the hen fruit a "luxury."

Student aviators from Ft. Omaha passed over St. Cloud and landed on Stearns county soil in a big balloon yesterday, startling many who were not aware of the presence of the balloon in this section and causing one man to wire the safety commission that "Fritz" had arrived.

One of the arguments to be made this week before the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce in favor of the daylight saving bill which the senate has already adopted will be the saving of 1,500,000 tons of coal annually. The bill is being pushed vigorously and is meeting with much favor.

Societies to which LaFollette, Lundeen and men of their ilk belong are getting rid of their membership as fast as possible. These men are first asked to sever their connection and if the advice is not followed they are fired bodily. Any man whose loyalty is questioned these days is in bad with 100 per cent Americans.

Counties not now having agricultural agents are being urged by the federal government and the public safety commission to appropriate \$1,000 per year for that work. The idea is to place an agricultural agent in every agricultural county of the state, and United States for that matter. The extreme need for production this year and the development of better facilities for distributing and marketing farm produce is given as the necessity for this action.

Trench Language Now Being Used

BY GEORGE MARTIN,

(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

(The following is the last of a series of articles by George Martin, United Press staff correspondent, on the "new trench language.")

R.

RATION PARTY—A detail that carries food to the front lines.

RAVITAILLEMENT—Food supplies.

RED CAP—A staff officer, from the red band on his cap.

REFORME—A wounded French soldier who has recovered.

B. F. C.—British flying corps.

RESPIRATOR—A gas mask.

REVOLUTIONARY SOCIALISTS—

The most moderate of Russian Socialists.

S.

S. A. A.—Small arms ammunition. SALVO—Simultaneous firing of guns of a battery.

SAMMIES—A name for American soldiers in France.

SAP—A small trench dug from the front line in the direction of the enemy's trench.

SAUSAGE—An observation balloon.

SCALING LADDER—A short ladder for climbing out of deep trenches.

SECTION—A unit of organization.

SECTOR—A portion of the fighting front.

SEVENTY-FIVE—A famous French field gun, firing thirty shells a minute.

SHAG—An inferior kind of cigarette tobacco used by British soldiers.

SHOCK TROOPS—Picked men sent forward by Germans for first attacks.

SINGE (Literally Monkey)—French soldier's expression for canned beef.

SLACKER—Originally one who refused to enlist. Now one unwilling to do his bit.

SMOKE BOMB—A shell which on bursting gives forth a dense smoke. Used for hiding movements of troops.

SNIPER—A sharpshooter that picks off the enemy from an advantageous position. French, franc-tireur.

SOVIET—Russian for council. Frequently used for the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

STAR SHELL—A rocket which lights up a desired position.

STRAPE—Under heavy fire. Punish.

SUICIDE CLUB—Bombers and machine gunners.

T.

TAKING OVER—Relieving the force in a trench.

TANK—A new type of British armored car.

TAUBE—German for dove. A type of German airplane used early in the war.

TCHINOVNIK—A small officeholder under the old regime in Russia.

TEAR SHELL—A German chemical shell that temporarily affects the eyesight.

TERRITORIAL—An English soldier that corresponds to an American militiaman.

TIN HATS—Steel helmets. Also name for staff officers.

T. N. T.—Trinitrotoluol—One of the most powerful of high explosives. Made from toluol treated with nitric and sulphuric acids.

TOMMY ATKINS—Popular name for English common soldier.

TOMMY'S COOKER—A special kind of alcohol stove for the trenches.

TOVARISH (Plural Tovarishi)—Russian word for comrade. Used like the "Citizen" of the French Revolution.

TRAIN SANITAIRE—Hospital train.

TRAVERSE—A detail of trench construction to prevent enfilading fire by the enemy.

TRENCH CANDLE—Also called ration heater. A short length of newspaper rolled tight, pasted together and soaked in melted paraffin.

TRENCH FEET—A disease of the feet brought on by cold and wet.

TUTTLES—German hand grenades.

TYPEWRITER—Machine gun.

U.

UNTEROFFICER—A German non-commissioned officer.

U-BOAT (Unterseeboote)—German type of submarine.

V.

VEDETTE—French outpost.

VIRAGE—A whirling pivot evolution of an airplane.

VEREY LIGHTS—A flare for illuminating enemy's position.

V. C.—Victoria Cross. Highest British decoration for bravery.

W.

WAVE—A line of troops in assault. The first line is called the first wave. The line which bombs out the positions crossed by the preceding lines is called the mopping up wave.

WHIZ BANG—A particularly offensive form of shell, which bursts two or three times like a Chinese fire-cracker.

WIPERS—British soldiers' name for Ypres.

Y.

YELLOW TAG—Card indicating that patient is to be sent to a special hospital.

Z.

ZEMSTVO—A Russian district assembly.

ZEP—Zeppelins, a German dirigible balloon used in this war chiefly for the murder of non-combatants.

(THE END)

Have it Handy For Croup

Grandmothers and mothers who have raised families of children have learned from experience that it pays to keep a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar in the house ready for emergency. It gives prompt relief from dreaded croup attacks, checks coughs and colds, and relieves whooping cough. A safe medicine—no opiates. H. P. Dunn, druggist.

ATLANTIC COAST CRYING FOR COAL

Locked in Grip of Unaccustomed Cold East Is Clamoring For Fuel In Vain.

VIOLENCE IS RESULT

Fuel Administration Powerless to Render Aid Enough to Alleviate Suffering—Rioting in Philadelphia.

New York, Jan. 4.—Practically all the Atlantic coast, which is locked in the grip of an unaccustomed cold, is clamoring for coal with a frantic fuel administration powerless to render aid enough to alleviate suffering that has already led to violence in Philadelphia.

The Frankfort arsenal has seized a supply of fuel to keep from being forced to shut down.

Shortages of oil and gasoline throughout the country and particularly the eastern section have added to the menace of the situation. Schools in the East are being shut down or holiday recesses are being extended. Tenement dwellers in Eastern cities are huddled together in heatless rooms. Women are scouring railroad yards and storage spaces for stray bits of coal. Wealthy persons are leaving their homes and going to live in hotels and apartment houses. Office forces are working in outdoor wraps. Seaport towns that depend on water transportation to handle coal are hiring ice crushers to break way for the fuel barges.

Weather forecasters offer little hope of relief before the end of the week.

Rioting in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—Coal riots which began here Wednesday were resumed when several hundred men, women and children raided cars on the Pennsylvania railroad siding and took more than 50 tons of anthracite. Railroad detectives were powerless before the women, who risked their lives when an attempt was made to move sight of the fuel laden cars.

For three hours the raiders carried off coal in buckets and push carts and could not be dispersed until a riot call brought a detail of police, who arrested the ringleaders.

State and city fuel administrators said that the coal shortage in Philadelphia was beyond their control. It is all up to Washington, both of them said, and daily appeals are being made to Dr. Garfield, the national fuel administrator to relieve the situation.

New York Suffering.

New York, Jan. 4.—With the temperature hovering around zero for the sixth successive day, New York is confronted with a fuel shortage that took on added menace every hour as the water surrounding the city became coated more deeply with ice.

New England Helpless.

Boston, Jan. 4.—New England's coal situation grew worse yesterday when the steady grip of the cold virtually stopped land transportation and a heavy blizzard off the coast put the finishing touches on all attempts to move fuel by water.

BERLIN AND VIENNA ALARMED

Collapse of Peace Negotiations Causes Hasty Action.

Stockholm, Jan. 4.—The virtual collapse of the negotiations between the Teutonic powers and the Russian Bolsheviks for peace and the possibility that hostilities again may be resumed by the Russians on the Eastern front, even though with only a comparatively small army, have caused surprise and perturbation in Berlin and Vienna.

Realizing the seriousness of the situation the German and Austrian emperors have conferred at length with their chiefs of state and the German and Austro-Hungarian foreign ministers, who attended the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk, have been sent back there post-haste, probably for the purpose of attempting to moderate the situation.

TEXAS RANCH AGAIN RAIDED

Mexican Bandits Make Second Attack At Brite Place.

Marfa, Texas, Jan. 4.—Another raid by Mexican bandits has taken place at the Brite ranch, 35 miles southwest of Marfa, according to reports received at the military headquarters here. No details of the raid were given in the message. This ranch was raided Christmas morning by Mexican bandits and one American and two Mexicans were killed.

A troop of cavalry with a signal corps detachment has gone to investigate the raid.

200 Passenger Trains Less.

Minneapolis, Jan. 4.—Two hundred passenger trains will be taken off Northwestern railroads to clear the way for the shipment of freight necessary to win the war. Although railroad officials are reluctant to discuss the revision of passenger schedules they admit passenger service on all Northwest roads will be revolutionized. More than 100 passenger trains will be cancelled by the roads before January 20. Where heavy war freight outruns at points like Duluth and Superior the cuts will be heavy.

RESOURCES WILL NOW BE UTILIZED

WAR AND ITS NEEDS HAVE COMPELLED COMPROMISE ON CONSERVATION.

PUBLIC DOMAIN TO BE USED

Criticism of Government War Methods Is Likely to Be Continuous and Sometimes Helpful in the Future Avoidance of Mistakes.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—Conservation, or it may be utilization, of the immense resources of the United States, has been forced by the war. For years there has been a game of battledore and shuttlecock played with measures providing for using the resources of the public domain in the Western states. Two schools of thought and action have prevented anything from being done.

It is a long story and cannot be told here further than to say that it has been a conflict between ultraconservationists as represented by Gifford Pinchot on one side, and on the other those who would turn everything owned by the government over to the states in which the public domain is located. The latter element had such a large representation in the senate that it was able to overcome the populous sections of the country. The house and senate have been deadlocked year after year.

But the coal, oil, timber, chemicals and water power, which have lain in the ground or gone to waste, are now necessary for the prosecution of the war. The country needs all its resources in these trying times. Consequently factions, whether they have heretofore favored the most advanced program of conservation, or have believed that the states should have control of everything within their limits, have been compelled to adjust their differences in order to give the country the valuables that have been tied up so long during this controversy.

Yield to War Needs.

Both sides have been compelled to yield something. Neither could have its way. One faction was strong in the house, where there were so many votes from the populous states having no public lands. The other was strong in the senate where the public lands states had numerous votes. But each side has conceded a great deal and it is expected that before the new year is far advanced legislation will be enacted which will release the important resources of the country.

These are days of criticism and they are likely to continue during the war. Students of our Civil war will tell you that right up to the close the criticism was very severe. There are great difficulties in making war; mistakes are made in all great undertakings; no machinery is perfect; even doubts are expressed whether the world is at all times running without mistakes and mishaps; so we may as well make up our minds that mistakes will occur. Of course, after we have focused our hindsight upon them we can tell how they could have been avoided, but the men who are doing the big things do not get the benefit of such observations. They just do the best they can with the machinery at their disposal.

The investigations are in a way criticism, but they are inevitable. Besides, they will bring out some mistakes which public discussion will help to avoid in the future.

Returns on Income Taxes.

Every person with an income of \$1,000 a year must make an income tax return. The government compels people to do this, not by going out and telling them, but by passing a law. The government will help all it can in the way of furnishing information, but the individual must make the first move and seek a government official and find out what he is to do. Government officials will be in every county to give the information. There is a heavy penalty for those who fail to make their income tax returns.

Funny stories, sharp witticisms, gay badinage and similar effervescences, which usually characterize congress during the few weeks' session before the holiday recess, were entirely missing this year. Once in a while some man attempted a joke, but it did not get across. Sometimes a remark which would have caused a laugh in former sessions fell flat when shot into the house.

In the senate the utmost gravity prevailed at all times. Even Vice President Marshall said nothing sarcastic or humorous, and he had little trouble in keeping order. Perhaps our legislators feel the gravity of the war situation should restrain them from anything like frivolity.

Makes Bean Coffee.

The velvet bean, so abundantly grown in the South, is being put to an entirely new use in that section, reports a Quitman, Ga., correspondent, and is no longer classed as a stock feed exclusively.

A hotel started the movement by the announcement to a large number of traveling salesmen that the coffee served was made from the velvet beans, after the dinner had been finished and the guests were profusely complimenting the proprietor for the splendid "Java."

One of the guests, claiming to be an expert connoisseur, had taken the third cup.

AT THE

EMPRESS

Saturday and Sunday
January 5th and 6th
Matinee and Evening

Matinee 25c, all Seats. Evening, Adults 50c, Children 25c.
Tax Included

Energy and Laziness.

What we call laziness is a healthy human being is something very different. It has nothing to do with the lack of energy or love of repose. On the contrary, observes the New York Independent, the boy most inattentive to his lessons is frequently the boy whose inexhaustible energy wears the life out of his parents and teachers. He hates the fifth reader, but he will forget supper to finish his paper bound copy of Dead Eye Dick, the King of the Outlaws. He hates to write compositions in class, but he finds it no labor to compose squibs satirizing his classmates for the school paper, though the tax on his ingenuity is as great in the latter case as in the former. He does not like drawing lessons, but he loves to draw, and grumbles about bringing in wood for supper, but he will carry forests to build a bonfire. He finds gymnasium work a bore, but he submits to more exacting discipline from his baseball coach than any teacher would dare to impose.

Odd Church Bells.

A curious story is told of the bells of Messingham church, England. It is said that a long time ago a traveler passing through Messingham noticed three men sitting on a stile in the churchyard and calling out, "Come to church, Thompson!" "Come to church, Brown!" "Come to church, Wilkins!" And so on. Greatly surprised, the traveler asked what it meant. He was told the place having no bells, they called the folk to church in this way. The traveler remarked that it was a pity that so fine a church should be without bells, and at the same time asked the men if they could make three for the church if he would pay for them himself. They readily agreed to do this. By trade the three men were a tinker, a carpenter and a shoemaker. When next the traveler passed that way he found the three men ringing three bells, which said "Ting, toak, pluff," being made respectively of tin, wood and leather.

Egypt's Coal Production.

The fuel question threatens to become serious in Egypt owing to the impossibility of obtaining adequate imports of coal. Government experts hope to solve the difficulty partially by developing a useful fuel from cotton stalks.

Strength of Housefly.

The ordinary housefly can lift a match between two of its feet and carry it. A human being, to perform a similar feat, would have to lift a beam 8 1/2 yards in length and 16 inches thick.

Neglect No Task.

The poorest way in the world to get along is to neglect the little task you have to do because you know you're capable of doing the bigger things.—Exchange.

Empress Theatre

TODAY

Mildred Havens in

"The Courage of the Commonplace"

This is a specially good picture. One that you, whoever you are, will surely enjoy.

SHOWS 7:30 AND 9:00

Admission 10c & 15c and Tax

SATURDAY & SUNDAY

"THE BIRTH OF A NATION"

Matinee and Evening

BEST THEATRE

TODAY AND TOMORROW

ETHEL BARRYMORE in

"Life's Whirlpool"

A special play written especially for this star of her brother, Lionel Barrymore, a play you are sure to enjoy. Also

CURRENT EVENTS

SUNDAY

Evrat Overton in

"SOLDIERS OF CHANCE"

PRINTERS' INK

Has done more towards nursing a sick or stagnant business than any known remedy. To get the desired results one should learn the real value of this great commodity and its relative merits when employed in the right way.

We Lose Money--You Lose Money

If You Don't Advertise in the Dispatch

REVENUE AGENT HERE JAN. 3-16

Itinerary of Joseph Shartel, Deputy Internal Revenue Collector, Given by Dispatch

EXPLAINS THE INCOME TAX LAW

Penalties Named for Giving False Returns, What Items to Report Under Gross Income

ITINERARY OF INCOME TAX EXPERT
 Brainerd, January 3-16.
 Walker, January 18-25.
 Cass Lake, January 26-29.
 Deerwood, Jan. 31, Feb. 1.
 Crosby, Feb. 2-5.
 Ironton, Feb. 6.
 Cuyuna, Feb. 7-9.
 Aitkin, Feb. 12-20.

Joseph Shartel, of Duluth, deputy internal revenue collector, is at the Ransford hotel for the period from January 3 to 16, to explain to people various points of the income tax law. Those who expect to pay the tax or those who do not understand all its provisions should make it a point to meet Mr. Shartel. It is not "up" to the government to make a canvass of Brainerd and find out who has to pay the tax. It is incumbent on every taxpayer to find out his own standing and be prepared to pay an income tax if he falls within the provisions of the law.

Mr. Shartel has been asked numerous questions and for the benefit of Dispatch readers has explained several points of the law as follows:

What would happen should a taxpayer render a false or fraudulent return with intent to evade a proper payment of income tax?

Under the provisions of Section 3176 Revised Statutes, he would become liable to an additional tax of 100% and under the provisions of Section 18 of the Act of Sept. 8, 1916, as amended, to a fine of not to exceed \$2,000 or to one year's imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the court and to the cost of prosecution.

In rendering a return, what items of income must I report under Gross Income?

Under Gross Income should be reported every item of income derived from any source whatever actually received during the calendar year for which the return is rendered, whether received in cash or the equivalent of cash, including:

(a) All amounts of salary, wages, commissions or compensation of what ever kind, received for personal service, including professional fees.

(b) All amounts of gain, profit or income derived from a business, trade, commerce, or from any sale of property, real, personal or mixed.

(c) Rents, interest on notes, mortgages, deeds of trust, or other securities issued by individuals, partnerships, etc., interest on bonds, mortgages, deeds of trust, or other similar obligations of corporations, joint-stock companies, associations or insurance companies, and interest on bank deposits.

(d) All income received from fiduciaries, that is, amounts received from incomes of estates, trusts, etc., through trustees, administrators or executors.

(e) If you have an interest in a partnership you should report your distributive share of the earnings or profits of the partnership ascertained during the calendar year for which the return is rendered, whether distributed to you or not.

(f) All items of foreign income, that is, interest upon bonds and mortgages or deeds of trust, or other similar obligations issued by individuals who are citizens or residents of foreign countries, foreign corporations, joint-stock companies, etc.

(g) Royalties from mines, oil and gas wells, patents, copyrights, franchises, or other legalized privileges.

(h) Dividends on stock, or from the net earnings of domestic corporations, joint-stock companies, associations or insurance companies, whether paid in cash, stock or script.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, it is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation. —Adv't. Nov

JOHN ADAMS PASSED AWAY

Father of Carl Adams Called to His Reward Thursday Evening, Was 82 Years Old

PROUD CIVIL WAR RECORD

Came Through Four Years Intensive Fighting Unscathed and Unharm—Farmed in Iowa

John Adams, age 82, father of Carl Adams, died Thursday evening at 10 o'clock at the home of his son, 201 Kingwood street, death resulting from the infirmities of old age. Mr. Adams was born in New York city, emigrating later to Iowa in 1856 where, he farmed extensively.

He had a proud record in the civil war, serving four years and a month and taking part in some of the heaviest fighting. He served in A. Co. Ninth Iowa Volunteer Infantry, took part in battles in Missouri, the siege of Vicksburg, at Chattanooga and in Sherman's march to the sea. He came through the turmoil unscathed.

He farmed at Everly near Spencer, Iowa. In 1865 he was married to Miss Katherine Varner. He leaves a wife, and five children, Carl Adams in the lumber business in Brainerd; John Adams, of Pattvone, N. D.; Mrs. H. E. Barto, of Fairmont, Minn.; Mrs. Robert Ogilvie, of Edmore, N. D.; Mrs. G. H. Mumm, of Steele, N. D. Three years ago he and his wife left Iowa and came to live with his son in Brainerd.

Mr. Adams was a member of the Masonic fraternity, holding membership in Everly lodge. He belonged to the Methodist church. He served many years as a county commissioner of Clay county. Several brothers and sisters in Nebraska and Iowa survive him.

Chapel services will be held at the D. E. Whitney undertaking rooms on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. F. W. Hill, pastor of the First Methodist church, officiating. The remains will be sent to Spencer, Iowa, for burial.

The sympathy of the community is extended the family in its sad bereavement.

TIMBER ON STATE LAND

People Can Buy Dead and Down and Live Hardwood Timber for Fuel for 25 Cents Per Cord

At a recent meeting of the State Safety Commission a resolution was passed authorizing State Auditor J. A. O. Preus to sell at private sale dead and down timber and green hardwood located upon state lands.

The resolution was passed as a fuel emergency measure as the commission is somewhat alarmed over the fuel shortage and by proper use of wood for fuel in the timber districts this situation may be relieved to a great extent. The amount of fuel wood is limited to from one cord to one hundred cords to any one person at 25c per cord.

Applications must be made to the Timber Department of the State Auditors office for the timber, stating the amount of fuel wood desired and the legal description of the land upon which the timber is located. A form contract will then be issued and sales made in the order they are received at this office. Payment shall be made upon scale after timber is cut and paid for before removed from the land.

CASE TO JURY

Steve Kovosovich Charged With Keeping Unlicensed Drinking Place Near Dykeman

The case of the state vs. Steve Kovosovich, charged with conducting an unlicensed drinking place near Dykeman, has gone to the jury following lengthy arguments in the district court made by County Attorney S. F. Alderman for the state and M. E. Ryan for the defense.

County officials, it is claimed, seized 41 cases of beer, 2 quarts of whiskey and a pint of wine at the wholesale house September 7 of last year.

The case of the state vs. George Shanks was called next, the defendant being charged with taking an automobile owned by the Turcotte-Hardy Auto Co.

THIFT STAMPS

Large Number Being Sold at the Postoffice, Clerks Kept Busy Explaining Them

The sale of thift stamps of the government is assuming large proportions at the postoffice and the clerks are kept busy explaining the merits of the stamps and the advantages gained in saving them.

READ THE DISPATCH WANT ADS

SLIPP-GRUENHAGEN CO. GOOD YEAR

Judd Wright, Speaking of Business Done, Said a Large Number of Stoves Were Sold

MANY FURNACES ARE PLACED

O. B. Johnson, Experienced Hardware Man, Joined the Firm During the Last Year

In commenting on business done in 1917, Judd Wright, of the Slipp-Gruehagen Co., said 1917 had been a very successful year in merchandising.

A large number of stoves were sold. Many furnaces were placed in town and the surrounding country. At Motley the firm installed heating and ventilating. Out of town contracts included furnaces at Pine River.

Building operations in city and country called for much hardware from the Slipp-Gruehagen Co. and sales were lively.

During the past year O. B. Johnson, one of the most experienced hardware men in the state, who has had years' experience in buying and selling, joined the firm.

The implement department has also largely increased its sales, 1917 being a banner year for this department.

Advertising was regularly carried on in the Daily Dispatch and the Weekly Dispatch was also frequently used.

SCRIPTURE PROPHECY

Its Relation to the Present War Will be Discussed Sunday by Rev. H. G. Stacey

"What Relation Has Scripture Prophecy to the Present War?" will be discussed by Rev. H. G. Stacey in his next Sunday sermon at St. Paul's Episcopal church.

Rev. Stacey said: "Two questions of much importance and interest occupy the minds of a large number of people at the present time: 'Is it the end of the world?' 'Christ's coming imminent?' In England a manifesto has appeared under the names of some of the leading ministers of religion declaring the end of the world is at hand and Christ will soon appear in the heavens. This is a matter worthy of serious and earnest consideration.

"What is the basis of the propaganda that is being strenuously carried on not only in England but in America? Is there any truth in it? Our views on this important subject must influence our lives. If we are careless and indifferent to it so much the worse for us. We cannot afford to neglect the questions brought forward."

The Rev. H. G. Stacey will discuss the subject from various angles. What is Scripture prophecy and what it is not. Does prophecy mean prediction? Did our Lord predict the end of the world? Is there any prediction in the book of Revelations? All seekers after truth are urged to attend. Everybody welcome.

ROLL OF HONOR

Lieutenant A. F. Ainslie of 35th Regiment Engineers, Camp Grant, Ill., was a guest during the holidays of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Orne.

Walter Moerke is home on a short furlough from Bremerton, Wash., where he is at present stationed. He is in the navy.

El Blake, who spent his holiday furlough visiting his mother, Mrs. C. W. Eastman, has returned to Camp Grant, Ill.

A. N. Brekke has received a letter from Robert L. Kellogg, Minneapolis boy who spent two summers in Brainerd and who is now a sergeant in the forestry engineering division on his way to France. He has a brother, Palmer, who is a first lieutenant in the infantry. Both are sons of C. L. Kellogg of the Parker-Kellogg Lumber Co., which had a sawmill in Northeast Brainerd.

Dr. Joseph Nicholson has been appointed a member of the examining physicians local draft board and has accepted his appointment.

Man Troubled For Two Years

No one should suffer backache, rheumatic pains, stiff joints, swollen, sore muscles, when relief can be easily had. James McCrery, Berrien Center, Mich., says he was troubled with kidney and bladder trouble for two years. He used several kinds of medicine without relief, but Foley's Pills cured him. H. P. Dunn, druggist.—Adv't. mwl

Our Store Hours

Open at 8:30 Close at 5:30
Saturdays and paydays 9:00

H. F. Michael Co.

W. J. HALL PIANO SALES

Representative of Kimball Pianos. Organs and Phonographs Speaks of Work Done

1917 ONE OF THE BEST YEARS

Covers Ironton and Other Range Towns, M. & I. Points and Country About Brainerd

In speaking of business done in 1917, W. J. Hall, representative of the Kimball pianos, organs and phonographs, said the year past was one of the best he had.

He covers Brainerd, Ironton and other range towns, M. & I. points and much farming country about Brainerd and in the summer, fall and early winter used his automobile extensively to gain business.

In October the Kimball phonograph made its appearance. The fact that it plays any kind of a record makes it a universal instrument and has resulted in many sales for Mr. Hall.

DEATH IN ACTION

Death of Corp. A. H. Clouston Graphically Described by Lieut. Drury in Letter to Parents

The Summerland, B. C., Review under date of Dec. 21, contains the following letter to the parents of Corp. Clouston giving the details of his death while serving his country in France. Mr. Clouston formerly lived in Brainerd and many will remember him:

France, 20th Nov. 1917.
 Dear Mr. Clouston: No doubt you have received the official notification of the death of your son 227,640 Cpl. A. H. Clouston.

I have obtained all the information I can from three of the boys of his platoon, who saw him killed. They are: Pte. H. Cramp, 646,000 Pte. W. H. Purchase, and Pte. Holmard, all of No. 2 Coy.

Cpl. Clouston was instantly killed by fragments of a shell, on the morning of Nov. 10th near the support trench during the operations near Paschendaele.

He was buried in the trench by Pte. Purchase.

Your son has been an N. C. O. in my platoon for some months, and I have always had the greatest confidence in him. His cheerfulness and devotion to duty at all times won for him the respect of all his officers and men.

At the time of his death Cpl. Clouston was acting as Platoon Sergeant. His first thoughts were for the comfort and safety of his men, and it was in the carrying out of this that he met his death. The shelling had been very severe in his sector of trench, and he had been going along the top to find out if anyone had been wounded. He was just stooping to jump into the trench when he was hit, and he died within a few seconds.

The officers and men of the company desire to express their sympathy to you and yours, in this your great loss, and we feel that we have lost a true friend and an excellent soldier, who has cheerfully laid down his life for a cause that is just.

Allow me to express by personal sympathy.

Very sincerely,
 MORRIS H. A. DRURY,
 Lieut.

TO INSTALL OFFICERS

Bjornstjerne Lodge, S. A. F., Will Give Open Installation Officers Friday Evening

Bjornstjerne Lodge, No. 57, of the Scandinavian American Fraternity, will give open installation of officers on Friday evening, January 4. All members are requested to be present and to bring their friends along.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Nov. 16

John Greve, widower, to Carl Rosenberg $\frac{1}{2}$ ac of 1-136-29 wd $\frac{1}{2}$ etc. Edwin A. Lamb and wife to Peter W. Campbell, lots 5 and 6, block 1, Crosby Beach, wd, $\frac{1}{2}$ etc.

James Nolan and wife to James J. Nolan, lots 7 and 8, block 5 town of East Brainerd, part of ne of sw of 20-45-36, spec. wd $\frac{1}{2}$ etc. James J. Nolan and wife to Catherine Nelson same description, special wd, $\frac{1}{2}$ etc.

Nov. 17

S. M. Berg, unmarried, to Bertha J. K. Snobe, parcel 206 of nw of sec of 14-136-26 wd $\frac{1}{2}$ etc.

Marion A. Churchill widow to O. K. Olson sec of 21-43-21 wd $\frac{1}{2}$ etc.

Frank A. Edson and wife to L. A. Barton und. 1-3 of sw of sw of 2-45-29 qd $\frac{1}{2}$ etc.

William D. Edson and wife to L. A.



Pretty Popular Priced Skirts

Skirts, like all other garments made of wool have advanced in price sharply. However, we have a splendid lot of styles at most popular prices. No advances while they last.

H. F. Michael Co.

SPECIAL

MUSIC

The Auction Block

—By—

Rex Beach

SHE STANDS FOR A MILLION GIRLS

Ruby de Bemer, as the heroine of Rex Beach's greatest picture, "The Auction Block," represents the aggregate maidenhood of America; and the temptation to which she is subjected in the course of the photoplay are supposed to cover all possible temptations to which girls are subjected in real life.

Best Theatre

TWO DAYS

Monday & Tuesday

JANUARY 7th and 8th

Matinees at 3:00 P. M.
 Admission 13c, tax 2c.

Evenings 7:15 and 9:00
 Admission 18c, Tax 2c

For Sale--To Close Out

1 Kimball Piano, little used	\$225.00
1 Kimball Piano, little used	325.00
1 Estey Organ, cost \$90.00, now	40.00
1 Kimball Organ, cost \$100, now	35.00
1 Dyer Bros. Organ, cost \$85.00, now	45.00
2 Netzwor Organ, cost \$45, now	20.00

W. J. HALL

Brainerd, Minn.

Sole Representative of the Famous Kimball Phonograph, the most talked of Phonograph in the U. S.

Duplex Fireless Stoves

Cooks the Entire Meal. Bakes and Roasts Brown

Cooking, Baking, Roasting, Boiling, Stewing or Steaming carried on Economically.

See the cooker at Clark's. Talk it over with any owner of a stove. Send your wife to the store. It's a money saver

D. M. CLARK & CO.

BRAINERD

MINNESOTA

SPECIAL PRICES FOR THE WINTER

Warm, Steam Heated Rooms
 Electric Lighted
 Bath on Each Floor

Iron Exchange Hotel

Lewis Harrison, Mgr.
 Brainerd, Minn.

Start Advertising Now

WANTS

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Kitchen girl Ransford hotel. 1836-1654f

WANTED—Girl at Windsor hotel. 1874-1774f

WANTED—Surface men at Wilcox mine Woodrow. Apply at mine office. 1876-1784f

WANTED—Chamber maid and dining room girl at the Iron Exchange hotel. 1873-4774f

WANTED—At once, girl for general housework. Mrs. W. Herrmann, 1201 6th street south. 1888-17942-1w

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Will pay \$5.00 a week. Mrs. L. F. Gillette, 302 5th Ave. N. E. Tri-State 7075. 1883-17913

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—House at 502 Sixth St. south. Mrs. Paine. 1881-17813

WANTED—To buy a baby cutter. 907 S. 6th St. Phone 654-1. 1869-17613

FOR RENT—Five room furnished house. 604 Oak street N. E. 1685-1274f

FOR RENT—Four room house, small barn, South 5th street, \$7.50. Nettleton. 1882-17813

FOR RENT—Furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen. 220 N. Broadway. 1691-1284f

FOR RENT—Eight room house at 1306 Norwood street. Enquire at 1316 Norwood St. 1835-1644f

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished downstairs rooms with water. Inquire 1604 Southeast Pine. 1893-1804f

FOR RENT—House at 213 N. 7th street. Modern except heat. Inquire F. A. Farrar, First National bank. 1847-1744f

FOR RENT—Two dwellings five rooms each, good repair. One on N. Broadway and one on S. 5th St. Apply to Geo. A. Tracy, Iron Exchange Bldg. 1892-18043

FOR RENT AT ONCE—Rooms for light housekeeping. Double room, also single. Bath, light and steam heat. A better location or a nicer one could not be found. Apply today. 203 N. 4th St. 1884-17912

FOR SALE

FO SALE—Stove burning coal or wood. 307 South Seventh street. 1887-1794f

FOR SALE—Light pair of bob sleds. Inquire 1005 Ivy street. 2889-1804f

FOR RENT—Two furnished front rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 318 1/2 S. 6th St. 1890-1804f

FOR SALE—One No. 7 Radiant Home hard coal burner. H. W. Linnemann. Inquire at store. 1748-1414f

FOR SALE—Or will trade for Brainerd city property or land, a garage building 30x90 feet in Stewartville, Minn. Mrs. H. D. Eagle, 1107 Norwood St. 1761-1444f

HOUSE—\$1,000 for quick sale, your chance. Must be sold. 5 rooms finished. Handy to mill or shops. 720 Elm st. N. E., 3 blocks east from S. E. corner Lowell school. 1886-17943

FOR SALE—High power and geared racing roadster. Just the thing for some fellow who wants speed. Cheap for cash. Inquire or address "M." Dispatch. 1811-1584f

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—75 bushels of Early Ohio potatoes for seed. Call 878-J. 1878-17813

LOST—Crack to bus between town and Northeast Brainerd. Please return to Johnson. 1854-1704f

WANTED—Situation as fireman, both high or low pressure boilers. Four years' experience. Phone 748-R. 1885-17913

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—Wanted experienced millinery lady with some capital to lease part of store. Best opportunity offered to establish business. Owner may take part interest in millinery. Address "P." Dispatch. 1891-18043-w1

Basis of All Friendship.

"Know this, that he that is a friend to himself is a friend to all men."—Seneca.

KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—If You Know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

The secret of keeping young is to feel young — to do this you must watch your liver and bowels — there's no need of having a sallow complexion — dark rings under your eyes — pimples — a bilious look in your face — dull eyes with no sparkle. Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver.

Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for cod liver oil, are gentle in their action yet always effective. They bring about that exuberance of spirit, that natural buoyancy which should be enjoyed by everyone, by toning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities.

You will know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets by their olive color. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

GERMANY GUILTY OF BARBARITIES IN WAR CONDUCT

Atrocious Treatment of the Helpless Part of Campaign Plans of Military Leaders.

POLICY OF FRIGHTFULNESS

Terrorism Declared a Necessary Principle in National Warfare—Brutalities May Be Said to Be Directly Attributable to the Emperor Himself.

The committee on public information, appointed by the president, and consisting of the secretary of state, secretary of war, secretary of the navy, and George Creel, official censor, has made public a mass of evidence dealing with German war practices which shows the Kaiser's leaders in the field and in command of captured points to be directly responsible for the beastliness which has characterized the operations of the "Huns" in the present conflict. Quotations from the pamphlet follow:

For many years leaders in every civilized nation have been trying to make warfare less brutal. The great landmarks in this movement are the Geneva and Hague conventions. The former made rules as to the care of the sick and wounded and established the Red Cross. At the first meeting at Geneva, in 1864, it was agreed, and until the present war it has been taken for granted, that the wounded, and the doctors and nurses who cared for them, would be safe from all attacks by the enemy. The Hague conventions, drawn up in 1899 and 1907, made additional rules to soften the usages of war and especially to protect noncombatants and conquered lands. Germany took a prominent part in these meetings, and with the other nations solemnly pledged her faith to keep all the rules except one article in the Hague regulations. This was article 44, which forbade the conqueror to force any of the conquered to give information. All the other rules and regulations she accepted in the most binding manner.

But Germany's military leaders had no intention of keeping these solemn promises. They had been trained along different lines. Their leading generals for many years had been urging a policy of frightfulness. In the middle of the nineteenth century Von Clausewitz was looked upon as the greatest military authority, and the methods which he advocated were used by the Prussian army in its successful wars of 1806-1871. Consequently because these wars had been successful, the wisdom of Von Clausewitz' methods seemed to the Prussian army to be fully proved.

Policy of Frightfulness.

Now, the essence of Von Clausewitz' teachings was that successful war involves the ruthless application of force. In the opening chapter of his master work, "Vom Kriege" ("On War"), he says:

"Violence arms itself with the inventions of art and science. . . . Self-imposed restrictions, almost imperceptible and hardly worth mentioning, termed usages of international law, accompany it without essentially impairing its power. . . . Now, philanthropic souls might easily imagine that there is a skillful method of disarming or subduing an enemy without causing too much bloodshed, and that this is the true tendency of the art of war. However plausible this may appear, still it is an error which must be destroyed; for in such dangerous things as war, the errors which proceed from a spirit of 'good-naturedness' are precisely the worst. As the use of physical force to the utmost extent by no means excludes the cooperation of the intelligence, it follows that he who uses force ruthlessly, without regard to bloodshed, must obtain a superiority, if his enemy does not use it."

In 1875-78, in the course of a series of articles upon "Military Necessity and Humanity," General von Hartmann wrote, in the same spirit as Von Clausewitz:

"The enemy state must not be spared the want and wretchedness of war; these are particularly useful in shattering its energy and subduing its will." "Individual persons may be harshly dealt with when an example is made of them, intended to serve as a warning. . . . Whenever a national war breaks out, terrorism becomes a necessary military principle." "It is a gratuitous illusion to suppose that modern war does not demand far more brutality, far more violence, and an action far more general than was formerly the case."

In 1881 Von Moltke, who had been commander in chief of the Prussian army in the Franco-Prussian war, declared:

"Perpetual peace is a dream and not even a beautiful dream. War is an element in the order of the world established by God. By it the most noble virtues of man are developed, courage and renunciation, fidelity to duty and the spirit of sacrifice—the soldier gives his life. Without war, the world would degenerate and lose itself in materialism."

ism." "The soldier who endures suffering, privation and fatigue, who courts dangers, cannot take only 'in proportion to the resources of the country.' He must take all that is necessary to his existence. One has no right to demand of him anything superhuman." "The great good in war is that it should be ended quickly. In view of this, every means, except those which are positively condemnable, must be permitted. I cannot, in any way, agree with the declaration of St. Petersburg when it pretends that 'the weakening of the military forces of the enemy' constitutes the only legitimate method of procedure in war. No! One must attack all the resources of the enemy government, his finances, his railroads, his stock of provisions and even his prestige. . . ."

Many other examples might be cited from the writings of German generals. The very best illustration of this attitude, however, is to be found in the emperor's various speeches, and especially in his speech to his soldiers on the eve of their departure for China in 1900. On July 27 the Kaiser went to Bremerhaven to bid farewell to the German troops. As they were drawn up, ready to embark for China, he addressed to them a last official message from the fatherland. The local newspaper reported his speech in full. In it appeared this advice and admonition from the emperor, the commander in chief of the army, the head of all Germany:

Soldiers Told to Be Merciless.

"As soon as you come to blows with the enemy he will be beaten. No mercy will be shown! No prisoners will be taken! As the Huns, under King Attila, made a name for themselves, which is still mighty in traditions and legends today, may the name of Germany be so fixed in China by your deeds, that no Chinese shall ever again dare even to look at a German soldier. . . . Open the way for Kultur once for all."

Even the imperial counselors seem to have been shocked at the emperor's speech, and efforts were promptly made to suppress the circulation of his exact words. The efforts were only partly successful. A few weeks later, when the letters from the German soldiers in China were being published, in local German papers, the leading socialist newspaper, Vorwaerts, excerpted from their reports of atrocities under the title "Letters of the Huns." Many of the leaders in the reichstag felt very keenly the brutality of the emperor's speech. The obnoxious word "Huns" had excited almost universal condemnation. When the reichstag met, in November, the speech was openly discussed. Herr Lieber of the center (Catholic party), after quoting the "no mercy" portion of the speech, added, "There are, alas, in Germany groups enough who have regarded the atrocities told in the letters which have been published as the dutiful response of soldiers so addressed and encouraged." The leader of the social democrats, Herr Bebel, spoke even more pointedly. Toward the end of a two-hour address on the atrocities committed by the German soldiers in China and on the speech of the emperor, he said:

"If Germany wishes to be the bearer of civilization to the world, we will follow without contradiction. But the ways and means in which this world policy has been carried on thus far, in which it has been defined by the emperor . . . are not, in our opinion, the way to preserve the world position of Germany, to gain for Germany the respect of the world."

The consequences of the emperor's speech Bebel aptly described:

"By it the signal was given, garbed in the highest authority of the German empire, which must have most weighty consequences, not only for the troops who went to China but also for those who stayed at home. An expedition of revenge so barbarous as this has never occurred in the last hundred years and not often in history; at least, nothing worse than this has happened in history, either done by the Huns, by the Vandals, by Genghis Khan, by Tamerlane, or even by Tilly when he sacked Magdeburg."

Atrocities in China.

These atrocities in China or "Letters of the Huns" continued to be published in the Vorwaerts for several years and appeared intermittently in the debates of the reichstag as late as 1906. At that time the socialist, Herr Kunert, reviewing the procedure in a trial of which he had been the victim in the previous summer, stated that he had offered to prove "that German soldiers in China had engaged in wanton and brutal ravaging; that plunder, pillage, extortion, robbery, as well as rape and sexual abuses of the worst kind, had occurred on a very large scale and that German soldiers had participated in them." He had not been given an opportunity to prove his allegations, but had been sentenced to prison for three months for assailing the honor of the "whole German army." The outrageousness of this sentence was made clear by the revelations, made in the reichstag shortly afterwards, of similar atrocities committed by German officials and soldiers in Africa in the campaign against the Hereros.

For the guidance of the officers in case the inhabitants of conquered territory should take up arms against the German army, the "German War Book" quotes with approval the letter Napoleon sent to his brother Joseph:

"The security of your dominion depends on how you behave in the conquered province. Burn down a dozen places which are not willing to submit themselves. Of course, not until you have first looted them; my soldiers must not be allowed to go away with their hands empty. Have three to six persons hanged in every village which has joined the revolt; pay no respect to the cossack (that is, to members of the clergy)."

MAY TAKE OVER EXPRESS LINES

McAdoo Urged By Advisory Board To Assume Government Control of Carriers.

IS A SOURCE OF RELIEF

Advisors Tell Director General Action Would Help Relieve Congestion in Transportation of Freight.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Director General McAdoo's advisory board has urged the taking over by the government of the express companies of the country along with the railroads.

The board is composed of two railroad men, Hale Holden, of the Burlington, and Henry Walters of the Southern, and Judge Edward Chambers, chief of transportation of the food administration, and John Skelton Williams, controller of the currency.

President Wilson's proclamation issued December 26, "takes possession and assumes control," of "each and every system of transportation and the appurtenances thereof." This embraces the express companies. Their thorough co-operation with the director general of railroads, it was urged, would present an enormous source of relief in the general transportation of freight.

No Word From White House.

President Wilson's address before Congress may make some recommendation concerning these lines. No idea of the legislation to be suggested has been given from the White House, but it is said in authoritative circles that among the proposals will be:

1. Guarantee that the railroad properties shall be maintained in as good condition of repair as when the government took them over.

2. Guarantee of a net operating income equal in each case to the average net earnings income of the three years preceding June 30, 1917.

To Name Financial Board.

3. Appointment of a financial board of arbitration which automatically will adjust "unusual situations" such as the proper apportioning of earnings of a company that has expanded greatly in the latter part of the three years' term.

4. Appropriation of a large sum for working capital, possible to take care of an increase in wages to the employees of the railroads.

FURTHER SHAKEUP FOR ARMY

Quartermaster's Corps to be Thoroughly Reorganized.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Reorganization of the army quartermaster's corps will follow the organization of the ordnance bureau. General George W. Goethals is working on details of the new plan and will announce them shortly. This was stated by Secretary of War Baker.

The quartermaster's corps has been criticized by the congressmen with even more severity than was General Crozier's bureau.

Further changes in assignment of general officers are momentarily expected for speeding war preparations. Successors are to be appointed for Generals Sibert and Mann, just returned from France, and further new assignments to the commands of divisions shortly to go to France are expected to be announced soon.

CLASH MARKS SENATE PROBE

Verbal Duel Between Hoover and Sen. Reed Is Heated.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Food Administrator Hoover and Senator Reed had their long-expected clash in public at the hearing before the Senate committee investigating the sugar and coal shortage.

Senator Reed, one of Mr. Hoover's critics, questioned the food administrator sharply and Mr. Hoover replied with equal spirit. The verbal duel ranged from sugar to wheat.

Senator Reed charged Mr. Hoover with "usurpation of authority" in handling the wheat situation "that would be a crime in normal times." Mr. Hoover warmly denied it and said the situation had been handled with the approval of President Wilson.

New War Bill Hits Excess Profits.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Complete reconstruction of the war revenue law will be sought by Senator Reed Smoot, Utah. He will introduce a bill in a few days which he claims will simplify the complex provisions of the present law, passed last session, and bring in more revenue. Smoot's bill will hit excess profits harder than the present law leaving income taxes at about the same rate as now.

Doctors Report Luxburg Insane.

Buenos Aires, Jan. 4.—Count Luxburg, German envoy of "spurious verisimilitude," is now insane and has been "eccentric" for a decade, according to report of medical authorities, who have had him under observation. The finding was announced after prolonged and careful study of the German minister, now held in an internment camp. Dispatches several weeks ago reported the belief growing in Buenos Aires among Germans that the German minister was a victim of dementia.

BOCHES TOLD TO STEAL

German Soldiers Become Thieves By Officers' Orders.

All Kinds of Goods Taken Are Sent To Berlin For Distribution Among People.

With the French armies in the field, Jan. 4.—The German armies have become thieves by orders of their government, according to official and irrefutable evidence which France has.

Goods of all kinds from France and Belgium have been shipped to the German "office of war booty" in Berlin. Here the people are urged to come and choose from vehicles, agricultural and factory machinery, antique furniture, pictures, rare tapestries, plates and dishes, jewelry, clocks and other articles—at fixed prices.

The office of war booty, according to advertisements found on German prisoners, is at Berlin W., 35 Schomburgk Oer—a group of large temporary buildings erected as show and sales rooms.

One government advertisement reads:

"French trench helmets have been reserved by the minister of war for sale to the profit of the national endowment for families of those fallen at the front."

"It is a bargain to acquire a rare and durable souvenir of the great world conflict and at the same time contribute to soften the lot of families of our brave fallen heroes."

"The price of a steel helmet is fixed at 25 marks."

"To each buyer will be given a certificate of origin and acquisition for each trophy."

An advertisement offers exceptional bargains in household goods of French and Belgium manufacture.

Antidraft Case Against Solon Quashed.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 4.—Charges of conspiracy to defeat the draft law of the nation, upon which Congressman John M. Nelson and his son, Byron, were indicted by a federal grand jury, have been quashed in federal court here.

Big Shortage in Italian Wheat.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The wheat crop of Italy was 894,200 metric tons short of 1917, the Chamber of Commerce has reported. The crop of Lombardy was 30 per cent short and for the whole country proportionately less.

Luxburg Insane, Say Physicians.

Buenos Aires, Jan. 4.—Count Luxburg, German envoy of "spurious verisimilitude," is now insane and has been "eccentric" for a decade, according to report of medical authorities who have had him under observation.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Minneapolis Grain. Minneapolis, Jan. 4.—Oats, May, 75%; No. 3 corn, \$1.75; No. 3 white oats, 80; barley, malting, \$1.29; No. 2 rye, \$1.86; No. 1 flax, \$3.60.

Duluth Flax. Duluth, Jan. 4.—Flaxseed, Jan. \$3.54; May, \$3.46; July, \$3.39.

Chicago Grain. Chicago, Jan. 4.—Corn, Jan. \$1.27; May, \$1.25; Oats, Jan. 79; May, 76%.

South St. Paul Live Stock. South St. Paul, Jan. 4.—Estimated receipts at the Union Stock Yards: Cattle, 3,000; calves, 400; hogs, 9,000; sheep, 300; horses, 15; cars, 255. Railroads entering the yards reported receipts for the day by loads, as follows: Burlington, 6; Milwaukee, 44; Omaha, 73; Great Northern, 56; St. Louis, 15; Northern Pacific, 22; total, 255.

Cattle—Steers, \$9@11.60; cows, \$7@9; calves, \$9.50@14.25; hogs, \$16@16.30; sheep and lambs, \$14.30@16.

Chicago Live Stock. Chicago, Jan. 4.—Hog receipts 57,000; weak; 25@30c under yesterday's average; bulk, \$16.10@16.40; light, \$15.40@16.30; mixed, \$15.80@16.45; heavy, \$15.80@16.45; rough, \$15.89@16; pigs, \$12@15.

Cattle receipts 21,000; weak; native steers, \$7.50@12.85; stockers and feeders, \$6.60@10.40; cows and heifers, \$5.20@11.40; calves, \$8.50@16.

Sheep receipts 18,000; weak; wethers, \$9.35@13.20; lambs, \$13.25@17.25.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Minneapolis, Jan. 4.—BUTTER—Creamery extras, per lb., 47c; extra firsts, 46c; firsts, 45c, second, 44c; dairy, 29c; packing stock, 32c.

EGGS—Receipts of fresh too light to make a quotation. Most arrivals are country held, selling in a small way at from 49c to 50c per dozen. Refrigerator, candled, doz., 39c; checks and seconds, doz., 29c; dirties, candled dozen 29c. Quotations on eggs include cases.

LIVE POULTRY.—Turkeys, fat, 10 lb. and over, 22c; thin, small, 16c@12c; cripples and culls, unsalable; roosters, 14c; hens, 4 lbs and over, 20c; hens, under 4 lbs, 16c; ducks, 18c; geese, 1b 16c; spring, 1b, 20c.

Marine Uniforms Best For Cold.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The American marine is the warmest dressed of all America's fighting men, the Senate military committee learned from Michael E. Driscoll, cloth expert from Raritan, N. J., and the German trooper in his "gray dawn" uniform has clothing 50 per cent heavier and warmer and more costly than the American soldier. A worn, stained scrap of gray cloth, cut from the overcoat of the first German prisoner taken by Gen. Pershing's men, was held up to the committee for examination.

SEE OUR NEW LINE OF SKATES

We have the most complete line of skates in the city, Come in and get first choice.

White Bros.

Hardware and Sporting Goods

Tel. 57 --: 616 Laurel St.

Do Something Better Than the Other Fellow---

and ADVERTISE

Advertising cannot accomplish the impossible any more than barren ground can yield rich crop.

But how advertising does make things hum when the product and proposition are right, the men and methods above board, when there's an honest purpose and earnest effort from bundle boy to general manager to serve efficiency, to deal honestly, to sell good goods, to price fairly.

Oil up the machinery of your business, imbue your organization with the spirit of true service, make your business worthy of the good will, the confidence, the patronage of the people.

In this fertile field then sow the seed of advertising and it will bring forth abundant crops in increased business and augmented prestige.

Your store news in the Dispatch will be read in practically every home in Brainerd and vicinity every evening.

AUSTRIANS DEFEATED At the Ideal

British Cross Piave River And Strike Hard Blows.

Losses Are Small Compared To Those Inflicted On Foe—Counter Offensive Likely.

London, Jan. 4.—Striking swift and hard blows against the Austrians, the British troops operating on the Italian front, have crossed the Piave and then returned to the west bank.

The success of these operations carried out in battalion units is marked by small losses by the British compared to those of the enemy.

These unexpected successes coming upon the brilliant French attack and the successes of the Italians in driving the invaders across the Piave has led to the belief here that an extensive counter-offensive is developing against the enemy's left bank.

Austro-German armies are keeping up their raids on Italian open towns. Eighteen patients in two hospitals at Castel Franco were killed by bombs dropped by the Teuton planes in their latest venture.

Austrian aviators attempted to bombard Venice, but were forced to turn back when within five miles of the city. They dropped their bombs on military depots.

It is generally believed that the Teutonic offensive on the Piave is at an end and that defensive tactics will mark the Austrians efforts in the immediate future.

Nothing but artillery activity is reported from the western front.

Cut This Out—It Is Worth Money.

Don't Miss This—Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. H. P. Dunn, druggist.—Advt.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

WARM, STEAM HEATED, COZY ROOMS

For the Winter.

WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD

We can Suit You, Either in Single Rooms or Suite

HAVE ROSY CHEEKS AND FEEL FRESH AS A DAISY—TRY THIS!

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons.

To see the tinge of healthy bloom in your face, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, to wake up without a headache, backache, coated tongue or a nasty breath, in fact to feel your best, day in and day out, just try inside-bathing every morning for one week.

Before breakfast each day drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it as a harmless means of washing from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible "waste," sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the blood and internal organs. Those who are subject to constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, rheumatic twinges, also those whose skin is sallow and complexion pallid, are assured that one week of inside-bathing will have them both looking and feeling better in every way.